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**IMPORTANT RULES** 

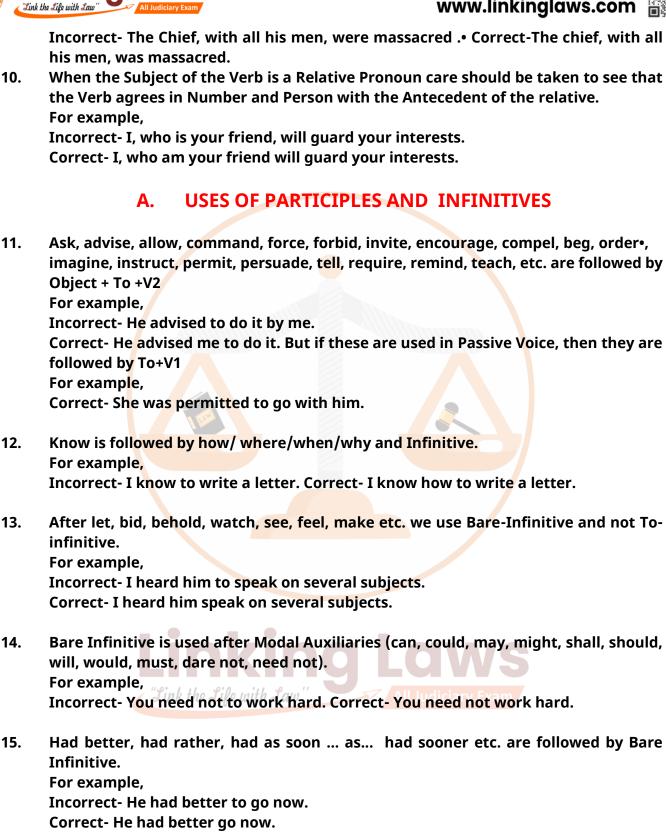
- Two or more Singular Subjects connected by and usually take a Verb in the Plural. For example, Incorrect- Hari and Ram is here. Correct- Hari and Ram are here.
- If two Singular Nouns refer to the same person or thing, the Verb must be Singular. Incorrect- The Secretary and Principal are coming. Correct- The Secretary and Principal is coming. (Here the same person is Secretary as well as Principal)
- 3. If the Singular Subjects are preceded by each or every, the Verb is usually Singular. For example, Incorrect- Every boy and girl were ready. Correct- Every boy and girl was ready.
- 4. Two or more Singular Subjects connected by or, nor, either ..... or, neither ----nor take a Verb in the Singular. For example, Incorrect- Neither he nor I were there. Correct- Neither he nor I was there.
- When the Subjects joined by 'or/nor are of different numbers, the Verb must be Plural, and the Plural Subject must be placed next to the Verb.
  For example, Incorrect- Neither the Assistant Masters nor the Headmaster was present.
  Correct- Neither the Headmaster nor the Assistant Masters were present. '
- 6. When the Subjects joined by or, nor are of different persons, the Verb agrees in person with the one nearest to it. For example, Incorrect- Either he or I is mistaken. Correct- Either he or I, am mistaken.
- 7. A Collective Noun takes a Singular Verb when the collection is thought of as a whole, a Plural Verb when the individuals of which it is composed are thought of. For example, "Sink the Sink with Saw" All Judiciary Exam Correct- The Council has chosen the President. Correct- The military were called out.
- Some Nouns which are singular in form but plural in meaning, take a Plural Verb. For example, Incorrect- Mathematics are a branch of study in every school. Correct- Mathematics is a branch of study in every school.
- 9. Words joined to a Singular Subject by with, together with, in addition to, or, as well as, etc. are parenthetical, and therefore do not affect the number of the Verb. For example,



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Conjunction than is also followed by Bare Infinitive. 16. For example, Incorrect- He had better read than to write. Correct- He had better read than write.

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17. When but is used as a Preposition and preceded by any form of the Verb do, then but is followed with Bare Infinitive.

Incorrect- He did nothing but to wander. Correct- He did nothing but wander.18. Every Participile must have a Subject of Reference.

For example, Incorrect- Being a rainy day Vijay decided to stay at home. Correct- It being a rainy day Vijay decided to stay at home.

19. For completed action Having + Va is used in Active Voice, whereas Having + been + Va or Being + Va is used in Passive Voice. After should not be used in such a sentence. For example,

Incorrect- After the leader having been killed, the followers ran away. Correct- The leader having been killed, the followers ran away.

20. Participles like considering, judging, referring, concerning, regarding, viewing, broadly speaking etc. do not take any Subject of Reference. For example, Correct - Considering the case, I took the decision.

Here I is not a Subject of Reference of considering. So, there is no Subject of Reference for 'considering, still the sentence is correct.

#### B. USES OF VERBS

21. When there are two Subjects in a sentence and they are not in the same Number, then we must have to use separate Auxiliaries (is, are, am, was, were, have, has) for both of them.

For example,

Incorrect- Three- killed and one were injured. Correct- Three were killed and one was injured.

22. A single Verb should be made to serve two Subjects, only when the form of Verb is same for both the subjects. Incorrect- I am seventeen years old and my sister fourteen.

Correct- I am seventeen years old and my sister is fourteen.

- 23. Two auxiliaries can be used with one principal Verb, only when the form of the principal Verb is appropriate to both the auxiliaries. ' Incorrect- He never has, and never will take such strong measures. Correct- He never has taken, and never will take such strong measures.
- 24. When there is only one auxiliary to two principal Verbs it should be correctly associated with the both. Incorrect- Ten candidates have passed one failed. Correct- Ten candidates have passed, one has failed.
- 25. A Past Tense in the main clause should be followed by a Past Tense in the subordinate clause.





Incorrect- He succeeded because he works hard. Correct- He succeeded because he worked hard.

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- 26. A Past Tense in main clause may be followed by a Present Tense in the subordinate clause when the subordinate clause expresses a universal truth. Incorrect- Our teacher said that the earth moved round the sun. Correct- Our teacher said that the earth moves round the sun.
- 27. When the subordinate clause comes after 'lest', the auxiliary Verb 'should' must be used, whatever be the Tense of the Verb in the main clause. Incorrect- We start early lest we shall miss the train. Correct- We start early lest we should miss the train.
- 28. An Adverb or Adverbial phrase should not be placed between 'to' and verbal part of, the infinitive. (This is called the split infinitive). Incorrect- I hoped to immediately reply to your letter: Correct- I hoped to reply immediately to your letter.
- 29. An infinitive should be in the present tense unless it represents' an action prior to that of the governing Verb. Incorrect- I should have liked to have gone- there. Correct- I should have liked to go there.
- 30. Gerund if preceded by a Pro-noun, that Pronoun must be in Possessive case. Incorrect - He emphasised me going there. Correct- He emphasised my going there.
- 31. The Present Perfect Continuous Tense is used for an action that began in the past time and still. going at the time of speaking~ It is used with, Adverbials of time introduced by 'since', 'for' and 'how long~. Incorrect- How long are you working in this office? Correct- How long have you been working in this office?
- 32. A Verb when preceded by a Preposition must be the Gerund. Incorrect- They were punished for come late. All Judiciary Exam Correct- They were punished for, coming late.
- 33. The Future Indefinite Tense is not used in the clauses of time, place and condition. Here the Present Indefinite Tense is used. Incorrect- I shall wait for you till you will finish your work. Correct- I shall wait for you, till you finish your work.
- 34. The Present Perfect Tense is not used with the Adverbs of past time like yesterday, in 1990 etc. Here Past Indefinite Tense is used. Incorrect~ I have bought a cycle yesterday. Correct-I bought a cycle yesterday. The Past Perfect Tense is used to represent the earlier of the two past actions. Incorrect- When I reached the station, the train already left.



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