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Tansukh Paliwal

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Founder Linking Laws

Director (Judiciary) Unacademy



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Preface

Hello & नमस्कार,

Since 2011, when I entered in Law field, I have felt that current system of studying law as a Law learner is quite traditional (like 1980's competition times). I strongly believed one thing that if you want to fight in present tough competition war like judiciary exams or any other law exam , you must be equipped with smart techniques to learn with tech support. So, in student life as LL.B. student, I used to start linking with one provision other similar provisions at same time, so that I can recall multiple sections/concepts in one MCQs .

Along with that I do believe in one statement, " वर्तमान को समझने के लिए, अतीत को देखें और फिर भविष्य के बारे में सोचना शुरू करें ". This statement is directly linked with every student life. So , I found previous papers helpful to understand previous exam level , source of question asked in those exam etc .But frankly saying, I was not satisfied with traditional way of just solving previous exam papers MCQs, instead I decided that to get better output in preparation, we need to analysis the previous paper subject wise rather year wise .

Finally , my above said thoughts and vision concluded in one word i.e. "Paperathon" which means a unique type of marathon where you will find **LINKING ANALYSIS** of each question asked in previous exam paper along with subject wise weightage analysis. Further, I have also tried to give video solution of such Paperathon on YouTube. You will be able to find out video solution by scanning the QR code, which will direct you to the official website of we all Law Linkers i.e. www.LinkingLaws.com. I have strong faith that you will find the initiative of 'Paperathon' useful & productive for your exam preparation.

- Tansukh Paliwal
Founder of Linking Laws

DJS PAPERATHON

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Note : The above index contain the various subjects of laws as per latest syllabus for Delhi Judiciary Prelim/mains Examination

Disclaimer: All efforts have been made to assure accuracy of the answer given and explanation provided. However, any Bonafede or unintentional error or mistake as to typing, printing or otherwise will not entitled any reader of the book for any kind of damages or compensation whatsoever.

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DJS PREVIOUS PAPERS 2015-2023 LINKING WEIGHTAGE ANALYSIS (YEAR WISE)

Sr. No.	SUBJECTS	Total Questions no, (in %)							Average of Last Six DJS Exams (%)
		2015	2018	2018-19	2019	2022	2023	Total No. of Q.	
1	Constitution of India	26	31	8	8	12	12	97	8
2	Indian Penal Code, 1860	18	16	15	27	25	25	126	10.5
3	Code of Civil Procedure, 1908	20	29	39	32	30	29	179	16.4
4	Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973	27	19	25	25	30	30	156	13
5	Indian Evidence Act of 1872	5	19	11	11	20	21	87	7.2
6	Indian Contract Act of 1872	4	12	9	7	8	8	48	4
7	Arbitration and Conciliation Act, 1996	13	5	11	22	15	16	82	6.8
8	Specific Relief Act of 1963	1	4	8	9	5	5	32	2.6
9	Limitation Act of 1963	10	5	11	8	10	10	54	4.5
10	Indian Partnership Act, 1932	2	4	3	3	3	3	18	1.5
11	POCSO Act, 2012	-	-	-	-	5	5	10	.8
12	Commercial Courts Act, 2015	-	-	-	-	10	10	20	1.6
13	Hindu Law	1	1	-	-	-	-	2	.1
14	Transfer of Property Act, 1882	3	4	-	-	-	-	7	.5
15	English	23	38	21	20	17	15	134	11.1
16	Legal Gk & Current Affairs	47	13	39	28	10	11	148	12.3
Total									100%

Constitution of India

Year- Wise Weightage Analysis

Year	Question No.	Total No. of Questions	Weightage (%)
2015	6, 27-44, 145, 148, 155-156, 166-168	26	13%
2018	4, 21, 100-121, 132, 156-160, 178	31	15.5%
2018-19	47-54	8	4%
2019	51, 73, 75, 80, 116-119	8	4%
2022	189-200	12	6%
2023	16-27	12	6%
Total		97	8.1%

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DJS PAPERATHON Constitution of India

2015

6. Which provision of the Indian Constitution entitles Right to Education as a Fundamental Right?

(a) Article 21
(b) Article 41
(c) Article 21A
(d) Article 31

Ans [c]

Linked Provisions:- Art.21A L/w Art.45, 51A(k) COI.

Article 14- Equality before law

Article 21-Protection of life and personal liberty

Article 21A- Right to Education

Article 31- Compulsory acquisition of property.

Explanation:- Article 21A was added by 86th Amendment Act ,2002. It provides that State shall provide free and compulsory education to all children of the age of 6 to 14 years in such manner as the State may, by law, determine.

27. When was the Constitution of India adopted?

(a) 26th January 1950
(b) 15th August 1947
(c) 15th August 1950
(d) 26th November 1949

Ans [d]

Linked Provisions:- Preamble COI.

Explanation:-Constitution of India was adopted on 26th November ,1949 and it came into force on 26th January ,1950.

28. In which year was the first amendment to the Constitution effected?

(a) 1950
(b) 1952
(c) 1951
(d) 1953

Ans [c]

Linked Provisions:- Article 31A- Saving of laws providing for acquisition of estates,etc.

Article 31B- Validation of certain Acts and Regulations.

Explanation:- First Amendment to Constitution was made in 1951 by which Article 31A & 31B were inserted.

29. Which part of the Constitution of India deals with the Fundamental Rights?

(a) Part I
(b) Part II
(c) Part III
(d) Part IV

Ans [c]

Linked Provisions:- Part I- The Union and its territory
Part II- Citizenship

Part III- Fundamental Rights

Part IV- Directive Principles of State Policy

Explanation:- Part III of Constitution of India from Articles 12-35 deals with fundamental rights available to citizens of India.

30. The Seven Judge Bench of the Supreme Court of India in Pradeep Kumar Biswas v. Indian Institute of Chemical Biology 2002 (5) SCC 111 overruled its judgements in the case of

(a) Sabhajit Tewary
(b) R.D. Shetty
(c) Ajay Hasia
(d) G. Basi Reddy

Ans [a]

Linked Provisions:- Article 12- Definition of State

Explanation:- In Pradeep Kumar Biswas Case, Council of Scientific & Industrial Research (CSIR) was held to be 'state' under Article 12 , overruling Sabhajit Tewary Case.

31. Which Article in the Constitution of India outlaws untouchability and makes it a punishable offence?

(a) Article 12
(b) Article 13
(c) Article 17
(d) Article 18

Ans [c]

Linked Provisions:-Article 12- Definition

Article 13- Laws inconsistent with or in derogation of the fundamental rights

Article 17- Abolition of Untouchability.

Article 18- Abolition of Titles.

Explanation:- Untouchability is abolished and its practice in any form is forbidden. The Untouchability (Offences) Act,1955 makes this practice a punishable offence.

32. Which Article of the Constitution of India guarantees citizens the right to settle in any part of the territory of India?

(a) Article 19(1)(a)
(b) Article 19(1)(d)
(c) Article 19(1)(e)
(d) Article 19(1)(g)

Ans [c]

Linked Provisions:- Article 19 – Protection of certain rights regarding freedom of speech,etc.

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Constitution of India

Linked Provisions:- Article 14-Equity before law

Article 32- Remedies for enforcement of rights conferred by this part.

Article 33- Power of parliament to modify the rights conferred by this part in their application to Forces, etc.

Article 226-Power of High Courts to issue certain writs.

Explanation:- This right to move to SC for enforcement of fundamental rights was regarded as "heart and soul of the constitution" by Dr. B.R. Ambedkar.

39. The Supreme Court of India has been established under Article:

- (a) 124
- (b) 125
- (c) 126
- (d) 127

Ans [a]

Linked Provisions:- Article 124-Establishment and Constitution of Supreme Court.

Article 125- Salaries, etc., of Judges.

Article 126- Appointment of acting Chief Justice.

Article 127- Appointment of ad hoc Judges.

Explanation:- The Supreme Court of India shall consist of Chief Justice of India and Other Judges whose number may be prescribed by parliament by law.

40. Which Article in the Constitution of India relates to the control of the High Court over subordinate Courts in matters of posting, promotion, leave etc.?

- (a) Article 226
- (b) Article 227
- (c) Article 235
- (d) Article 225

Ans [c]

Linked Provisions:- Article 225- Jurisdiction of existing High Courts.

Article 226-Power of High Courts to issue certain writs.

Article 227- Power of superintendence over all courts by the High Court

Article 235- Control over subordinate courts.

Explanation:- The power and control over district courts and courts subordinate thereto including the posting and promotion of, and the grant of leave to, persons belonging to judicial service of a state and holding any post inferior to the post of district judge shall be vested in the High Court.

41. Article 262 of the Constitution of India relates to:

- (a) adjudication of disputes relating to waters of inter-State rivers or river valleys
- (b) provisions with respect to an inter State Council
- (c) Consolidated Funds and Public Accounts of India and of the States
- (d) Contingency Fund

Ans [a]

Linked Provisions:- Article 262- Adjudication of disputes relating to waters of inter- State rivers or river valleys.

Article 263- Provisions with respect to an inter-State Council

Article 266- Consolidated Funds and public accounts of India and of the States.

Article 267- Contingency Fund

Explanation:- Part 11 of Constitution of India under Article 262 provides that Parliament may by law provide for adjudication of any dispute or complaint with respect to use, distribution or control of the waters of, or in, any inter-state river or river valley.

42. Which Constitution Amendment Act relating to appointments of judges came for consideration of the Supreme Court and was struck down, being in violation of the basic feature doctrine of the Constitution of India?

- (a) 99th Amendment
- (b) 100th Amendment
- (c) 101st Amendment
- (d) 98th Amendment

Ans [a]

Linked Provisions:- 98th Amendment – seeks to create a National Judicial Commission.

(d) 99th Amendment- replaced the collegiums system of appointing judges to HC and SC with a new body called NJAC.

(d) 100th Amendment – ratified the land boundary agreement between India and Bangladesh.

(d) 101th Amendment – GST tax laws

Explanation:- In the case of Supreme Court Advocates on Record Association v. Union of India (2015), a 5 judges bench consisting of Justices JS Khehar, J. Chelameswar, Madan B. Lokur, Kurian Joseph and Adarsh K. Found that NJAC was unconstitutional.

43. In which case the Supreme Court of India propound the basic feature doctrine for the first time?

- (a) Golaknath's case
- (b) Minerva Mills case
- (c) Keshavananda Bharti case

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NOTES

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Aditya Rajeshbhai Gor	Mahavir Saini	Trapiti Jain	Richa Agrawal	Rishi Gupta	Paras Chaudhary	Jodinder Jangra	Meghaben	Prahlaad kumar	Abhay Pratap Singh
RJS (RANK-10)	GJS (RANK-11)	HCS(JB) RANK-11	GJS (RANK-12)	HCS(JB) RANK-12	GJS (RANK-13)	HCS(JB) RANK-13	HCS(JB) RANK-14	HCS(JB) RANK-15	MPCJ
									
Arunima Singh	Mayuri Jain	Abhishek Garg	Pankti Soni	Ravleen Kaur	Kirti Sharma	Akshay Singla	Ravleen Kaur	Amritbir Kaur	Shivangni Bhatt
GJS (RANK-16)	HCS(JB) RANK-16	HCS(JB) RANK-17	RJS (RANK-17)	HCS(JB) RANK-18	RJS (RANK-21)	HCS(JB) RANK-22	RJS (RANK-26)	RJS (RANK-26)	MPCJ
									
Shipra Sayal	Arunima Chauhan	Anmol Kakkor	Animesh Rajpurohit	Ritiz Arora	Kiran Prajapat	Akshay Arora	Shivani	Shivdev Sharma	Vikash Thakur
RJS (RANK-28)	RJS (RANK-35)	HCS(JB) RANK-36	GJS (RANK-37)	HCS(JB) RANK-40	RJS (RANK-42)	RJS (RANK-43)	HCS(JB) RANK-43	HCS(JB) RANK-46	MPCJ
									
Mahima Shrimali	Vaidani Singh Rajpurohit	Jasmeet Kaur	Divyakant Pandya	Aditya Jain	Harsh Vardhan	Ritika Agrawal	Prince Garg	Nitika Bansal	Shweta yadav
RJS (RANK-46)	HCS(JB) RANK-48	HCS(JB) RANK-49	HCS(JB) RANK-50	HCS(JB) RANK-52	GJS (RANK-54)	HCS(JB) RANK-54	RJS (RANK-56)	HCS(JB) RANK-60	MPCJ
									
Lucky Soni	Parinder Singh	Rashmeet Kaur	Jaspreet Kaur	Aashima Garg	Kaushar Banu	Shiv Kumar	Devendra Puri	Shristi Lamba	Aika Soni
RJS (RANK-63)	RJS (RANK-66)	HCS(JB) RANK-73	RJS (RANK-74)	RJS (RANK-75)	HCS(JB) RANK-75	RJS (RANK-78)	RJS (RANK-88)	RJS (RANK-97)	MPCJ
									
Komal Bhati	Kartika Gehlot	Saru Goyal	Veena Suwalka	Trilochana Rathore	Priyank Goyal	Akshay Tambi	Richa Shikhawat	Meenakshi Khatri	Vinay sharma
RJS (RANK-105)	RJS (RANK-112)	RJS (RANK-119)	MPCJ	MPCJ	MPCJ	MPCJ	MPCJ	MPCJ	MPCJ
									
Dimpal Kumar	Anita Rajwaniya	Shivani Meena	Akanksha Gupta	Utkarsh Jain	Trapiti Jain	Kundan Kachhwahe	Sanjeet Chaurasia	Amber Shrivastava	Priya Chauhan
MPCJ	MPCJ	MPCJ	MPCJ	MPCJ	MPCJ	MPCJ	MPCJ	MPCJ	MPCJ
									
Shini Jain	Saket Jain	Mansi Agnihotri	Shweta Arya	Preeti Rathore	Swati Bhargava	Prachi Gunwan	Sarfraz Khan	Shrishty Kushwaha	Avani Vyas
MPCJ	MPCJ	MPCJ	MPCJ	MPCJ	MPCJ	MPCJ	MPCJ	MPCJ	MPCJ
									
Dharmveer Singh Rathor	Hiteshi Sharma	Manvendra Singh	Druvika Upadhyay	Satinder Pannu	Srishti Sahu	Swapnil Verma	Ratnapriya Shrivastava	Vaishali Chouhan	Bharat Parmar
MPCJ	MPCJ	MPCJ	MPSC	MPSC	MPSC	MPSC	MPSC	MPSC	MPSC
									
Kajal Nayak	Akshita Shukla	Pravesh Kabra	Amrut Chavhan	Mane Pooja K.	Nikita P. Kakade	Anushri B. Phand	Sayema Nikhat		

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