



# Linking Laws

"Link the Life with Law"

All Judiciary Exam



## ODISHA JUDICIAL SERVICE PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION 2012

- R. C. Cooper V. Union of India is commonly known as:**
  - Privy Purse Case
  - Fundamental Right Case
  - Bank Nationalisation Case
  - Mandal Commission Case
- Number of fundamental rights guaranteed only to citizens are:**
  - 5
  - 6
  - 9
  - 10
- Following Schedule relates to the Municipality:**
  - VII
  - IX
  - XI
  - XII
- Presidential satisfaction for imposing President Rule is:**
  - Subject to judicial review on the ground of malafide
  - Subject to judicial review
  - Not subject to judicial review
  - Subject to judicial review after the rule ends
- The current Lokpal Bill was introduced under:**
  - Article 248
  - Article 252
  - Article 253
  - Article 246
- The Legislature of a State may impose restrictions on trade, commerce and intercourse under:**
  - Article 302
  - Article 303
  - Article 304
  - Article 305
- Article 245 has been interpreted on the basis of:**
  - Doctrine of Territorial Nexus
  - Doctrine of Colourable Legislation
  - Doctrine of Eclipse
  - Doctrine of Pith and Substance
- By the 42nd Amendment Act the Preamble of the Constitution has been amended at:**
  - One Place
  - Two Places
  - Three Places
  - None of the above
- The following state has two Houses:**
  - Orissa
  - Karnataka
  - Chhattisgarh
  - Arunachal Pradesh
- The provisions dealing with the Supreme Court can be amended:**
  - By absolute majority
  - By absolute majority and ratification
  - By special majority and ratification
  - By special majority
- A suit is bad for non-joinder of a necessary party, as provided:**
  - Under Order 1, Rule 10 of CPC
  - Under Order 1, Rule 9 of CPC
  - Under Order 1, Rule 10A of CPC
  - Under Order 1, Rule 11 of CPC
- Legal representative under Section 2(11) of CPC means a person who is a-**
  - Relative of parties to the suit
  - Co-sharer of the benefits assuming to the parties
  - Close neighbour
  - Who in law represents the estate of the deceased person

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13. Court can direct the parties to opt for any one mode of alternative dispute resolution under:
- (a) Order X, Rule 1A of CPC
  - (b) Order X, Rule 18 of CPC
  - (c) Order XI, Rule 1 of CPC
  - (d) Order XII, Rule 2 of CPC
14. Discovery by interrogatories and inspection has been provided:
- (a) Under order X of CPC
  - (b) Under order XI of CPC
  - (c) Under order XV of CPC
  - (d) Under order XVI of CPC
15. Clerical or arithmetical mistakes in judgements, decrees or orders etc. can be corrected:
- (a) Under Section 152 of CPC
  - (b) Under Section 153 of CPC
  - (c) Under Section 151 of CPC
  - (d) Under Section 153A of CPC
16. Compensatory costs in respect of false or vexatious claims or defences are imposed:
- (a) Under Section 34 of CPC
  - (b) Under Section 35 of CPC
  - (c) Under Section 35A of CPC
  - (d) Under Section 35B of CPC
17. Abetment of proceedings is governed:
- (a) By order XXI of CPC
  - (b) By order XXII of CPC
  - (c) By order XXIV of CPC
  - (d) By order XX of CPC
18. A temporary injunction can be granted to a party establishing:
- (a) That there is prima facie case in his favour
  - (b) Irreparable injury to him in case injunction is not granted
  - (c) Balance of convenience in his favour
  - (d) All of the above
19. Right to appeal from original decree has been provided under:
- (a) Section 94 of CPC
  - (b) Section 95 of CPC
  - (c) Section 96 of CPC
  - (d) Section 100 of CPC
20. Adjournment can be granted:
- (a) Under Order XIV Rule 1 CPC
  - (b) Under Order XV Rule 2 CPC
  - (c) Under Order XVI Rule 3 CPC
  - (d) Under Order XVII Rule 1 CPC
21. Non-Cognizable offence means
- (a) A police officer has authority to arrest without warrant
  - (b) A police officer cannot arrest without warrant
  - (c) It depends upon the discretion of the police officer
  - (d) On request of complainant, arrest can be made
22. Under which Section of Cr. P. C., the Assistant Public Prosecutor is appointed ?
- (a) Section 20
  - (b) Section 24
  - (c) Section 13
  - (d) Section 25
23. Which of the following can make the arrest?
- (a) A Police Officer
  - (b) A Magistrate
  - (c) A Private Person
  - (d) All of the above
24. Under Section 50, Cr. P. C. it is not mandatory to inform the arrested person that he is entitled to be released on bail:
- (a) With warrant
  - (b) Without warrant
  - (c) With warrant for bailable offence
  - (d) Without warrant for non-bailable offence

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25. A summons issued by a Court must be in:
- Duplicate
  - Triplicate
  - Writing and Duplicate
  - Writing and Triplicate
26. An Executive Magistrate is empowered to grant remand under Section 167 Cr. P. C. for a maximum period of:
- 15 days
  - 7 days
  - 60 days
  - 90 days
27. Which Section provides for joint trial for several persons?
- Section 220
  - Section 221
  - Section 222
  - Section 223
28. Power of the Court to convert Summons cases into Warrant-cases is provided under:
- Section 258
  - Section 259
  - Section 260
  - Section 261
29. Which Section empowers the Court to examine the accused?
- Section 312
  - Section 313
  - Section 314
  - Section 315
30. Under Section 357, an order of compensation can be passed by the:
- Trial Court
  - Appellate Court / High Court or Sessions Court
  - Both (a) and (b)
  - Only (b)
31. The object of Indian Evidence Act, 1872 as set out in the Preamble is :
- To repeal certain parts and to consolidate, define and amend the Law of Evidence
  - To consolidate, define and amend the Law of Evidence
  - To define and amend the Law of Evidence
  - To repeal certain parts and to define and amend the Law of Evidence
12. Law of Evidence is:
- A Substantive Law
  - An Adjective Law
  - Both (a) and (b)
  - Neither (a) nor (b)
33. Under the Indian Evidence Act, 1872, the relevant fact:
- Must be legally relevant
  - Must be logically relevant
  - Must be logically and legally relevant
  - Must be logically and legally relevant and admissible
34. Confession of one accused is admissible against co-accused:
- If they are tried jointly for different offences
  - If they are tried for the same offence but not jointly
  - If they are tried for different offences and not jointly
  - If they are tried jointly for the same offence
35. A dying declaration is relevant in India:
- Only In criminal proceedings
  - Only In summary proceedings
  - Only In civil proceedings
  - In civil as well as criminal proceedings

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36. **The opinion of an expert can be on the question of:**  
(a) Foreign Law  
(b) Indian Law  
(c) Both (a) and (b)  
(d) Only (b) and not (a)
37. **Secondary evidence is admissible:**  
(a) Where the non-production of primary evidence has not been accounted for  
(b) Irrespective of whether the non-production of primary evidence has been accounted for or not  
(c) Where the non-production of primary evidence has been accounted for  
(d) Both (a) and (b) are correct
38. **A is charged with travelling on a railway without a ticket:**  
(a) The burden of proving that he did not have the ticket is on the prosecution  
(b) The burden of proving that he did not have the ticket is on the party who asserts it  
(c) The burden of proof is on railway authorities  
(d) The burden of proving that he had a ticket is on him
38. **When a document creating an obligation:**  
(a) It is a presumption of Law ,  
(b) It is a presumption of Fact  
(c) It is an irrebuttable presumption of Law  
(d) It is a mixed presumption of Law and Fact
40. **The husband and wife are competent witnesses for or against each other:**  
(a) In civil proceedings  
(b) In criminal proceedings  
(c) Both in civil and criminal proceedings  
(d) These are privileged communications, can not be disclosed
41. **Fraudulently has been defined as doing anything with intent to defraud:**  
(a) Section 23  
(b) Section 25  
(c) Section 24  
(d) Section 26
42. **Section 34 of IPC:**  
(a) Creates a substantive offence  
(b) Is a rule of evidence  
(c) Both (a) and (b)  
(d) Neither (a) nor (b)
43. **The maxim "ignorantia juris non excusat" means:**  
(a) Ignorance of Law is no excuse  
(b) Ignorance of Fact is no excuse  
(c) Ignorance of Law is an excuse  
(d) Ignorance of Fact is an excuse
44. **Section 84 of IPC provides for:**  
(a) Medical insanity  
(b) Legal insanity  
(c) Moral insanity  
(d) All of the above
45. **The right to private defence is based on the natural instinct of:**  
(a) Self Preservation  
(b) Self Respect  
(c) Self Sufficiency  
(d) Self Reliance
46. **Chapter XX of IPC deals with:**  
(a) Offences related marriage  
(b) Defamation  
(c) Offences against property  
(d) None of the above

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47. The essential ingredients of a crime are:
- (a) Motive, mens rea and actus reus
  - (b) Motive, intention and knowledge
  - (c) Actus reus and mens rea
  - (d) Knowledge, intention and action
48. In which case Supreme Court held that the defence of drunken can be availed of only when intoxication produces such a condition as the accused loses the requisite intention for the offence:
- (a) Appa Salved vrs State of Maharashtra, AIR 2007 SC 763
  - (b) Mubarak Hussain vrs State of Rajasthan, AIR 2007 SC 697
  - (c) Neetu v. State of Punjab, AIR 2007 SC 758
  - (d) Kamala Devi v. K. Kanwar, AIR 2007 SC 663
49. Sex with a girl through fraudulent consent, amounts to:
- (a) Simple physical assault
  - (b) Molestation
  - (c) Attempt to rape
  - (d) Rape
50. Every murder is culpable homicide but not vice-versa. The statement:
- (a) is true
  - (b) Is false
  - (c) Depends upon the circumstances
  - (d) Depends upon the degree of Probability
51. The Limitation Act and the Code of Civil Procedure are to be read together because both are statutes relating to procedure and they are in:
- (a) Pari Materia
  - (b) Modus operandi
  - (c) Colourable Legislations
  - (d) Doctrine of Acquiescence
52. For the balance due on a mutual, open and current account, where there have been reciprocal demands between the parties the period of limitation is:
- (a) 3 years
  - (b) 12 years
  - (c) 4 years
  - (d) 30 years
53. For possession of immoveable property when the plaintiff has become entitled to possession by reason of any forfeiture or breach of condition the period of limitation when the forfeiture is incurred or the condition is broken.
- (a) 3 years
  - (b) 12 years
  - (c) 9 years
  - (d) 1 year
54. Where the period of limitation for filing a suit expired on 28th May, 1961; but no judge or officer could enter into the court premises due to picketing of the Civil Court from 19th to 29th May, the presentation of the plaint on 30th May, was held to be:
- (a) Delayed
  - (b) in time since Section 4 is an exception to general rule laid down in Section 3 of the Act
  - (c) inordinate delay
  - (d) None of the above
55. Where the prescribed period for any suit, appeal or application expires on a day when the court is closed, the suit, appeal or application may be instituted, preferred or made on the day:
- (a) When the court reopens within 30 days
  - (b) According to the advocate wishes

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- (c) Before closing of the court  
(d) When the court reopens
56. Appeal from an order of acquittal under Section 417(1) or (2) of the Code of Criminal Procedure is, from the date of the order appealed.
- (a) 30 days  
(b) 90 days  
(c) 60 days  
(d) 12 months
57. The acquisition of easementary right is acquired by prescription after uninterrupted with the person.
- (a) 30 years  
(b) 20 years  
(c) 15 years  
(d) 5 years
58. To set aside a sale in execution of a decree including any such application by a judgement debtor - from the date of sale.
- (a) 60 days  
(b) 30 days  
(c) 90 days  
(d) 3 years
59. The Law of Limitations ban action in the Court but not:
- (a) Plea of change of lawn  
(b) Plea of defence  
(c) Plea of Ignorance  
(d) Plea of estoppel
60. Any suit for which no period of limitation is provided elsewhere in this schedule the period of limitation is when the right to sue accrues.
- (a) 9 years  
(b) 6 years  
(c) 1 year  
(d) 3 years
61. Attached to the earth means:
- (a) Things rooted in the earth  
(b) Things imbedded in the earth  
(c) Things attached to what is so imbedded in the earth  
(d) All of the above
62. A transfers Rs. 5,000 to B on condition that B resides with A, otherwise to C. The transfer in favour of C is:
- (a) Collateral Transfer  
(b) Condition Precedent.  
(c) Ulterior Transfer  
(d) None of the above
63. Restrictive covenants are:
- (a) Such contracts which restrict the use or enjoyment  
(b) Conditions imposed by transferor restricting use or enjoyment  
(c) Both of the above  
(d) None of the above
64. Feeding the estoppel by grant is a doctrine of :
- (a) Section 42  
(b) Section 43  
(c) Section 44  
(d) Section 45
65. Mahomed Musa vrs Aghore Kumar Ganguli (42 I. A 1) in the leading case of:
- (a) Lis Pendens  
(b) Fradulent Transfer  
(c) Doctrine of Election  
(d) Past Performance
66. English mortgage means:
- (a) Mortgagor should bind himself to repay mortgage money  
(b) Property mortgage should be absolutely transferred to mortgages





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- (c) On the payment of mortgage money mortgagee will reconvey the property  
(d) All of the above
67. Where two persons mutually transfer the ownership of one thing for the ownership of another, the transaction is:  
(a) Sale  
(b) Actionable claim  
(c) Exchange  
(d) Charge
68. A lease can be determined:  
(a) By merger  
(b) By forfeiture  
(c) By surrender  
(d) By all of the above
69. Redeem up, foreclose down is the rights of a:  
(a) Assignee  
(b) Mortgagee  
(c) Mesne mortgagee  
(d) Donee
70. No mortgagee paying off a prior mortgage shall thereby acquire any priority in respect of his original security. It is  
(a) Rules of Marshalling  
(b) Rules against tacking  
(c) Rules of subrogation  
(d) None of the above
71. Law of Contracts is:  
(a) The whole law of agreements  
(b) The whole law of obligations  
(c) The law of agreements creating obligations  
(d) The law of obligations arising out of contracts
72. Announcement of Auction Sale without reserve is an:  
(a) Invitation to offer  
(b) Offer  
(c) Incomplete offer  
(d) Inchoate offer
73. Consideration may be:  
(a) Present or past or future  
(b) Present or future  
(c) Present or past  
(d) Past or future
74. Obligations resembling those created by contract are known as:  
(a) Contingent contracts  
(b) Wagering contracts  
(c) Quasi-contracts  
(d) Irregular contracts
75. The right of subrogation in a contract of guarantee is available to the  
(a) Creditor  
(b) Principal Debtor  
(c) Surety  
(d) Indemnifier
76. General lien is available to:  
(a) Bailee  
(b) Bailor  
(c) Pawnee  
(d) Banker
77. 'S' said to a shop keeper .... "Let 'P' have the goods, I will see you paid." This is a:  
(a) Contract of Guarantee  
(b) Contract of Indemnity  
(c) Contract of Wager  
(d) Contingent Contract
78. When consent is caused by fraud or misrepresentation, the contract is:

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- (a) Voidable at the option of the aggrieved party  
(b) Void  
(c) Unenforceable  
(d) Irregular
79. The foundation of law of damages for breach of contract is laid down in :  
(a) Tinn vrs Hoffman  
(b) Taylor vrs Cladwell  
(c) Addis vrs Gramophone Co.  
(d) Hadley vrs Baxandale
80. Acceptance of lesser sum in full satisfaction of the debt:  
(a) Discharges the debt  
(b) Discharges only the paid part of the debt  
(c) Discharges the paid part and interest thereon  
(d) Gives a right to sue for the balance amount
81. Under the Hindu Succession Act, the property of a male Hindu dying intestate shall devolve according to the provisions of:  
(a) Section 8  
(b) Section 9  
(c) Section 6  
(d) Section 14
82. A dies after the commencement of the Hindu Succession Act, leaving behind three sons, B, C and D. The interest in the property passes to by:  
(a) Sapinda relationship  
(b) Testamentary succession  
(c) Survivorship  
(d) Limited estate
83. Any property possessed by a female Hindu whether acquired before or after the commencement of the Act shall be held by her as:  
(a) Limited owner  
(b) Ancestral property  
(c) Stridhana property  
(d) Full owner
84. One who is related by blood to the deceased through female is known as:  
(a) Agnate  
(b) Cognate  
(c) Sapindas  
(d) Dependant
85. A Hindu dies leaving behind father and son's daughter's son. They are:  
(a) Class I heirs  
(b) Class II heirs  
(c) Preferential heirs  
(d) None of the above
86. The Indian Succession Act applies only to the cases of:  
(a) Self acquired property  
(b) Ancestral property  
(c) Survivorship  
(d) Intestate and testamentary succession
87. To manage the estate of the deceased an Administrator is appointed by:  
(a) Testator  
(b) Government  
(c) Court  
(d) Family of the deceased
88. A Holograph Will is a will written by the:  
(a) Coparcener  
(b) Advocate  
(c) Successor  
(d) Testator
89. A legacy is bequeathed to A and in case of his death to B. If A survives the testator, the legacy to B:  
(a) Does not take effect

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- (b) Becomes vested  
(c) Takes effect  
(d) Representatives of B takes
90. A copy of the will certified under the seal of the Court, with a grant administration to the estate of the testator is known as:  
(a) Letter of administration  
(b) Probate  
(c) Executor  
(d) Privileged will
91. The following Section of the Specific Relief Act deals with contracts with specific performance with variation:  
(a) Section 21  
(b) Section 32  
(c) Section 18  
(d) Section 19
92. The principle in which Section 12 of the Specific Relief Act is based on :  
(a) "Equity looks to the substance rather than to the mere letter of a contract"  
(b) "Equity looks to the substance of the contract and requires substantial compliance with its conditions rather than its literal fulfilment"  
(c) Both (a) and (b)  
(d) None of the above
93. The principle 'Doctrine of Specific Performance' is based on:  
(a) Specific performance will not be granted where damages are an adequate remedy  
(b) The granting of specific performance is within the discretion of the court  
(c) Specific performance would be refused where the contract was wanting mutuality at the time when it was entered into  
(d) All of the above
94. One of the following statements is not applicable according to Section 8 of the Specific Relief Act :  
(a) No suit can be brought against the owner  
(b) A person having a special right to present possession may bring the suit even against the owner of the property  
(c) A decree is for the return of movable property  
(d) A decree is for the money value against a movable property
95. According to Section 15 one of the following persons cannot enforce the Specific Performance of a contract: (a) The representative-in-interest or the principal  
(b) A reversioner in possession  
(c) A reversioner in remainder  
(d) A remainder man for tenant not for life
96. Contracts which cannot be enforced under Section 14 of the Specific Relief Act:  
(a) Where compensation is adequate remedy  
(b) Contracts involving personal skill  
(c) Contracts of Determinable Nature  
(d) All of the above
97. One of the following is a contract which has been held not 'indivisible':  
(a) A contract for the sale of property in one lot  
(b) A contract for the sale of plot of land cannot be regarded as separate contract for selling different portion of the plot





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- (c) Where property is sold in distinct lots, with separate contract for each lot
- (d) Where a person enters into a mutual contract for sale or purchase
- 98. In a suit for Specific Performance the defendant may set up the following grounds:**
- (a) Uncertainty and Excess of power:  
(b) Hardship and Unfair Advantage  
(c) Both (a) and (b)  
(d) None of the above
- 99. Rectification of an instrument under the Specific Relief Act is allowed when Fraud or Mutual Mistake of the parties to a contract is allowed under:**
- (a) Section 26 (1)  
(b) Section 27  
(c) Section 22  
(d) None of the above
- 100. Refuse to rescind a contract by a court is laid down in one of the following Sections of the Specific Relief Act:**
- (a) Section 26 (2)  
(b) Section 27 (2)  
(c) Section 28  
(d) Section 29

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