

पुस्तिका में पृष्टों की संख्या Number of Pages in Booklet: 16

LOJ-23 पस्तिका में प्रश्नों की संख्या

No. of Questions in Booklet: 150

Paper Code: 04

Sub : Gen. Hindi & Gen. English

समय : 03 घण्टे + 10 मिनट अतिरिक्त*

Time: 03 Hours + 10 Minutes Extra*

प्रश्न-पुस्तिका संख्या व बारकोड/ Question Booklet No. & Barcode

इस प्रश्न-पुस्तिका को तब तक न खोलें जब तक कहा न जाए । Do not open this Question Booklet until you are asked to do so.

Paper-IV



अधिकतम अंक : 50 Maximum Marks: 50

प्राय-पुम्तिका के पेपर की सील/पॉलियोन बैंग को खोलने पर प्राय-पत्र हल करने से पूर्व परीक्षाओं यह सुनिश्चित कर लें कि

प्रस्य-पुस्तियः संख्या तथा ओ.एम.आर. उत्तर-पत्रक पर ऑकत बारकोड संख्या समान है।

प्राप्त-पुस्तिका एवं औ.एम.आर. उत्तर-पत्रक के सभी पृष्ठ व सभी प्राप्त सही मुद्रित हैं। समस्त प्राप्त, जैसा कि ऊपर वर्णित है, उपलब्ध हैं तथा कोई भी पृष्ठ वस नहीं है/ मुद्रश चुटि नहीं है। किसी भी प्रकार की किसंगति या दोषपूर्ण होने वर परीक्षायाँ वीक्षक से दूसरा प्रास-पत्र प्राप्त कर लें । यह मुनिश्चित करने की जिम्मेदारी अध्यक्षों की होगी । परीक्षा प्रारम्म होने के 5 मिनट परवाण् ऐसे किसी दावे/आपत्ति पर कोई विचार नहीं किया जायेगा ।

On opening the paper scal/polythene bag of the Question Booklet before attempting the question paper, the candidate should ensure that :

Question Booklet Number and Barcode Number of OMR Answer Sheet are same.

All pages & Questions of Question Booklet and OMR Answer Sheet are properly printed. All questions as mentioned above are available and no page is missing/misprinted.

If there is any discrepancy/defect, candidate must obtain another Question Booklet from Invigilator. Candidate himself shall be responsible for ensuring this. No claim/objection in this regard will be entertained after five minutes of start of examination.

परीक्षार्थियों के लिए निर्देश

- प्रत्येक प्रश्न के लिये एक विकल्प भरना अनिवार्य है।
- 2. सभी प्रश्नों के अंक समान हैं
- प्रत्येक प्रश्न का मात्र एक ही उत्तर दीजिए । एक से अधिक उत्तर देने की दशा में प्रश्न के उत्तर को गमत माना जाएगा ।
- OMR उत्तर-पत्रक इस प्रश्न-पुस्तिका के अन्दर रखा है। जब आपको प्रश्न-पुस्तिका खोलने को कहा जाए, तो उत्तर-पत्रक निकाल कर ध्यान से केवल नीले बॉल पॉइंट पेन से विवरण भरें।
- कृपया अपना रोल नम्बर ओ.एम.आर. उत्तर-पत्रक पर सावधानीपूर्वक सही भरें । गलत रोल नम्बर भरने पर परीक्षार्थी स्वयं उत्तरदावी होना ।
- प्रत्येक गलत उत्तर के लिए प्रस्त अंक का 1/3 मान काटा जायेगा । गलत उसर से तात्पर्य अधुद्ध उत्तर अपना विसी भी प्रमन के एक से अधिक उत्तर से है ।
- प्रत्येक प्रदन के पाँच विकल्प दिये गये हैं, जिन्हें क्रमशः 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 अंकित किया क्या है । जानवीं को सही उत्तर निर्दिष्ट करते हुए उनमें से केवल एक गोले (बबत) को उत्तर-पत्रक पर नीले बॉल पॉइंट पेन से वहरा करना है ।
- मदि आप प्रश्न का उत्तर नहीं देना बाहते हैं तो उत्तर-पत्रक में पांचवें (5) विकल्प को गहरा करें । यदि पाँच में से कोई भी गोला गहरा नहीं किया वाता है, तो ऐसे प्रवन के सिये प्रवन अंक का 1/3 भाग काटा वायेगा।
- प्रश्न-पत्र हस करने के उपरांत अध्यथीं अनिवार्य कप से ओ.एम.आर. उत्तर-पत्रक जाँच सें कि समस्त प्रश्नों के लिये एक विकल्प (गीला) घर दिया गया है । इसके लिये ही निर्धारित समय से 10 मिनट का अतिरिक्त
- 10. यदि अध्यर्थी 10% से अधिक प्रश्नों में पांच विकल्यों में से कोई भी विकल्प अंकित नहीं करता है, तो उसको अयोग्य माना बायेगा ।
- 11. मोबाइल फोन अथवा अन्य किसी इलेक्ट्रोनिक यंत्र का परीक्षा हॉल में प्रयोग पूर्णतया बर्जित है । बाँदे किसी अम्बर्धी के पास ऐसी कोई वर्जित सामग्री मिसती है तो उसके विरुद्ध आयोग द्वारा नियमानुसार कार्यवाही की जायेगी।

चेवाबनी : अगर कोई अध्यर्थी नकत करते एकड़ा जाता है या उसके पास से कोई अनिवृत्त सामग्री पाई जाती है, तो उस अभ्यायों के विरुद्ध पुलिस में प्राथमिकी दर्ज कराते हुए. **राजस्था**न सार्वजनिक परीक्षा (वर्ती में अनुचित साधनों की रोक्याम अध्युपाद) अधिनियम, 2022 तथा अन्य प्रसावी कानून एवं आयोग के नियमों-प्रावधानों के तहत कार्यवाही की जाएगी । साथ ही आयोग ऐसे अम्बर्धी को भविष्य में होने काली आयोग की समस्त फीक्षाओं से विवर्जित कर सकता है।

INSTRUCTIONS FOR CANDIDATES

- 1. It is mandatory to fill one option for each question.
- 2. All questions carry equal marks.
- Only one answer is to be given for each question. If more than one answers are marked, it would be treated as wrong answer.
- The OMR Answer Sheet is inside this Question Booklet. When you are directed to open the Question Booklet, take out the Answer Sheet and fill in the particulars carefully with Blue Ball Point Pen only.
- Please correctly fill your Roll Number in OMR Answer Sheet. Candidate will themself be responsible for filling wrong Roll No.
- 1/3 part of the mark(s) of each question will be deducted for each wrong answer. A wrong answer means an incorrect answer or more than one answers for any question.
- Each question has five options marked as 1, 2, 3, 4, 5. You have to darken only one circle (bubble) indicating the correct answer on the Answer Sheet using BLUE BALL POINT PEN.
- If you are not attempting a question then you have to darken the circle '5'. If none of the five circles is darkened, one third (1/3) part of the marks of question shall be deducted.
- After solving question paper, candidate must ascertain that he/she has darkened one of the circles (bubbles) for each of the questions. Extra time of 10 minutes beyond scheduled time, is provided for this.
- 10. A candidate who has not darkened any of the five circles in more than 10% questions, shall be disqualified.
- 11. Mobile Phone or any other electronic gadget in the examination hall is strictly prohibited. A candidate found with any of such objectionable material with him/her will be strictly dealt as per rules.

Warning: If a candidate is found copying or if any unauthorized material is found in his/her possession, F.I.R. would be lodged against him/her in the Police Station and he/she would liable to be prosecuted under Rajasthan Public Examination (Measures for Prevention of Unfair Means in Recruitment) Act, 2022 & any other laws applicable and Commission's Rules-Regulations. Commission may also debar him/her permanently from all future examinations.

उत्तर-पत्रक में दो प्रतियों हैं – मूल प्रति और कार्बन प्रति। परीक्षा समाप्ति पर परीक्षा कक्ष छोड़ने से पूर्व परीक्षाओं उत्तर-पत्रक की दोनों प्रतियों वीक्षक को सीपेंगे, परीक्षाओं स्वयं कार्बन प्रति अल नहीं करें । बीक्षक उत्तर-पञक की मूल प्रति को अपने पास जमा कर, कार्बन प्रति को मूल प्रति से कट लाइन से मोड़ कर सावधानीजूर्यक अलग कर परीक्षायों को साँदेने, जिसे परीक्षायों अपने स ले जापेंगे । परीक्षायों को उत्तर-पञक की कार्बन प्रति चयन प्रक्रिया पूर्ण होने तक सुरक्षित रखनी होगी एवं आखीग द्वारा साँगे जाने पर प्रस्तुत करती होगी ।

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Ans. [1]

Ans. [3]

Ans. [4]

Ans. [2]

Ans. [4]

Ans. [2]

Ans. [1]

Link Life with Law

1.	निम्नलिखित में असंगत विकल्प है :			(4) (স), (ৱ)
	(1) जो कार्य कष्ट सहनकर किया जाय - कष्टसाध्य(2) जिसका निवारण न किया जा सके - अनिवार्य			(5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न
	(3) जो पहले का हो - अभूतपूर्व			
	(4) जो आँखों के सामने हो - प्रत्यक्ष		8.	किस विकल्प में सभी शब्द अशुद्ध हैं ?
	(5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न	. [0]		(1) अनुपातिक, कोलाहल
2.	'वर्ण - व्रण' का सुसंगत अर्थभेद है	Ans. [3]		(2) प्रज्वलित, उलंघन (3) अनाधिकार, तदोपरांत
۷.	(1) मनुष्य श्रेणी प्रतिज्ञा			(4) गत्यवरोध, उहापोह
	(2) रंग- घाव			(5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न
	(3) श्वेत- अक्षर			
	(4) भेद - जाति (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न		9.	निम्नलिखित में अशुद्ध शब्द है :
	(५) अनुतारत प्रश्न	Ans. [2]	9.	ानमालाखत म अशुद्ध शब्द ह : (1) लघूतर
		75. [2]		(2) निरभिमान
3.	किस शब्द-युग्म का अर्थभेद सुसंगत नहीं है ?			(3) योद्धा
	(1) कटक-कटुक = तीक्ष्ण-सेना (2) कोर-कौर = किनारा-ग्रास			(4) योवन
	(2) कोर-कौर = किनारा-ग्रास (3) रिक्त रिक्थ = शून्य-धन			(5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न
	(4) अब्ज-अब्द = कमल-वर्ष			
	(5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न		10.	किस वाक्य में अपादान कारक का प्रयोग नहीं हुआ है ?
		Ans. [1]		(1) आत्मा देह से भिन्न है।
4.	शुद्ध शब्द चुनिए.			(2) आपके दर्शन से लाभ हुआ। (3) मेरे हाथ से घड़ी छूट पड़ी।
7.	तु छ राज्य युग्पर. (1) प्रविष्ठि			(4) कोयला खदान से निकाला जाता है।
	(2) तुष्टिकरण			(5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न
	(3) ईर्ष्यालु			
	(4) जीविकापार्जन (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न		11.	निम्नलिखित में से अशुद्ध शब्द है:
	(५) अनुसारत प्रश्न	Ans. [3]	' ' '	(1) वृत्तान्त
				(2) औद्योगिक
5.	किस विकल्प में विलोम युग्म नहीं है ?		- -	(3) अक्षौहिणी
	(1) पठित-लिखित (2) आदि - अंत		4	(4) सूजबूझ (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न
	(2) जाद - जत (3) विज्ञ - अज्ञ			(5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न
	(4) हर्ष - विषाद			
	(5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न		12.	किस विकल्प में सभी शब्द शुद्ध हैं ?
		Ans. [1]		(1) कृत्कृत्य, सौजन्य, अहोरात्र
6.	'यायावर' शब्द किस वाक्यांश के लिए सार्थक है ?			(2) अहोरात्र, कृतकृत्य, सौजन्य (3) कृत्कृत्य, अहोरात्रि, सौजन्यता
•	(1) वह जो बहुत सोच-विचारकर बोलता हो ।			(4) सौजन्यता, कृतकृत्य, अहोरात्र
	(2) वाणी पर नियंत्रण रखने वाला ।			(5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न
	(3) वह जो ध्यान लगाकर बैठता हो ।			
	(4) वह जो एक जगह टिककर न रहता हो। (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न		13.	'मध्यम पुरुष' से संबंधित वाक्य है-
	(3) अंदुरारा प्रश	Ans. [4]	15.	(1) आप आगे आ जाएँ।
				(2) वह अपने आप पहुँच गया ।
7.	निम्नलिखित शब्दों की शुद्धता पर विचार कीजिए :			(3) उन्हें सम्मानित किया गया।
	(अ) चर्मोत्कर्ष (ब) संगृहीत (स) पुनर्जन्म (द) उच्छवास			(4) मैं आप चला जाऊँगा। (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न
	(य) अनुग्रहित			(5) Signification
	किस विकल्प में सभी शब्द शुद्ध हैं ?			
	(1) (a), (t)		14.	'अपूर्ण भूतकाल' का उदाहरण है-
	(2) (स), (द)			(1) उसने गाना गाया होगा ।

(2)



(3)

(ब), (य)



समय पर चलते तो गाड़ी मिल जाती।





- (3) वह आकर बैठा ही है।
- (4) किसी जगह कथा होती थी।
- (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न

Ans. [4]

'संदिग्ध वर्तमानकाल' से संबंधित वाक्य है-15.

- (1) वह जन्मदिन पर आयोजन करेगा।
- (2) बच्चे स्नान करते होंगे।
- उसने पढाई कर ली होगी। (3)
- शायद वह पढाई के लिए जयपुर जाए।
- (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न

Ans. [2]

'सदैव सच बोलो।' इस वाक्य में कौन सी वृत्ति है ? 16.

- संभावनार्थ
- (2) डच्छार्थ
- आज्ञार्थ (3)
- (4) निश्चयार्थ
- (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न

Ans. [3]

17. किस विकल्प में सभी शब्द पुल्लिंग हैं ?

- समूह, कुटुंब, मंडल
- (2) संघ, भीड़, कक्षा
- (3) भीड़, सेना, टोली
- (4)दल, सभा, सरकार
- (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न

Ans. [1]

किस वाक्य में संज्ञा शब्द बहुवचन रूप में प्रयुक्त नहीं हुए हैं ? 18.

- (1) तेरे होश उड़ गए।
- आज के समाचार क्या हैं ? (2)
- मेले में बहुत भीड़ थी। (3)
- लोग कहते हैं। (4)
- अनुत्तरित प्रश्न (5)

Ans. [3]

किस वाक्य में 'कर्मवाच्य' नहीं है ? 19.

- (1) रोगी से अन्न नहीं खाया जाता।
- यहाँ कैसे बैठा जाएगा। (2)
- (3) उसे पेश किया गया।
- चोर पकडा गया है। (4)
- अनुत्तरित प्रश्न (5)

Ans. [2]

'रमेश के भाई मोहन ने अपने मित्रों को दीपावली की मिठाई खिलाई।' 20. इस वाक्य में 'उद्देश्य' है-

- (1) मोहन ने
- (2) अपने मित्रों को
- दीपावली की मिठाई खिलाई (3)
- रमेश के भाई (4)
- (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न

Ans. [1]

निम्नलिखित में 'संकेतार्थक' वाक्य है

- ईश्वर तुम्हें चिरायु करे । (1)
- यह पत्र उसने लिखा होगा। (2)
- (3) जो मैं उसको पहले जानता तो उसका विश्वास न करता ।
- (4) जो काम तुम्हें दिया गया है, उसे देखो।
- (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न

Ans. [3]

22. 'सूर्य पूर्व से निकलता है।' इस वाक्य में कौन सा पक्ष है ?

- नित्यताबोधक (1)
- सातत्यबोधक (2)
- (3) पूर्णकालिक
- आवृत्तिमूलक (4)
- (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न

Ans. [4]

23. वाच्य की दृष्टि से असंगत विकल्प है

- दीपावली अक्टूबर-नवम्बर में मनाई जाती है। कर्मवाच्य
- वद्धजन से चला नहीं जाता। भाववाच्य (2)
- (3) मुझसे दरवाजा नहीं खोला जाता । - भाववाच्य
- डाकिया डाक वितरित करता है । कर्तृवाच्य (4)
- (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न

Ans. [3]

किस वाक्य में 'विशेषण उपवाक्य' सम्मिलित है ?

- (1) राम ने कहा कि मैं पढ़ँगा।
- (2) जब पानी बरसता है, तब मेंढक बोलते हैं।
- मैं नहीं जानता कि वह कहाँ है।
- (4) वह आदमी जो कल आया था, आज भी आया है।
- अनुत्तरित प्रश्न

Ans. [4]

निम्नलिखित में शुद्ध वाक्य है:

- वह यहाँ से सब चीजें निकालकर के ले गया।
- (2) मैं नम्रता के साथ में आपसे क्षमा चाहता
- उसने गुरुजी के चरणों में सिर रख दिया । (3)
- कहने मात्र से कुछ नहीं होता । (4)
- (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न

Ans. [4]

असंगत विकल्प चुनिए-

- (1) संदेहवाचक वाक्य शायद वर्षा हो ।
- आज्ञावाचक वाक्य हमारी प्रार्थना स्वीकार करें। (2)
- विधानवाचक वाक्य रमाकांत पुस्तकें लाया । (3)
- इच्छाबोधक वाक्य जाइए, जल्दी कीजिए । (4)
- अनुत्तरित प्रश्न

Ans. [4]

निम्नलिखित में 'साधारण वाक्य' है:

- (1) मेरा भाई यहाँ आएगा या मैं ही उसके पास जाऊँगा ।
- (2) काम सीखा हुआ नौकर कठिनाई से मिलता है।
- पत्ते सुख रहे हैं, इसलिए पीले दिखाई देते हैं।
- (4) जब सबेरा हुआ, तब हम लोग बाहर गए।
- अनुत्तरित प्रश्न

Ans. [2]

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28. अशुद्ध वाक्य चुनिए-

- (1) सभी छात्रों का नाम बताओ।
- (2) आपके दर्शन करके मैं धन्य हुआ।
- (3) अभी पाँच बजे हैं।
- (4) सभा में सभी वर्गों के लोग उपस्थित थे।
- (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न

Ans. [1]

29. निम्नलिखित में शुद्ध वाक्य कौन सा है ?

- (1) नेत्रों के सभी रोगों में सूर्य की किरणें बहुत मूल्यवान हैं।
- (2) यह चीज आप अपने हाथ से उन्हें दीजिए।
- (3) कानून के अनुसार जो रिश्वत देते हैं, वह भी दंड का भागी होता है।
- (4) यह अपने विषय की एक ही और सर्वश्रेष्ठ पुस्तक है।
- (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न

Ans. [2]

30. कौन सा विकल्प सुमेलित नहीं है ?

- (1) उद्धरण चिह्न
- (2) अल्प विराम
- (3) हंसपद
- (4) अर्द्ध विराम
- (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न

Ans. [3]

31. निम्नलिखित वाक्यों के आधार पर सही विकल्प चुनिए-

- (अ) पूरे देशभर में यह बात फैल गई।
- (ब) शायद वह जरूर आएगा ।
- (स) मुझे शत प्रतिशत अंक मिले।
- (द) सप्रमाण स्पष्ट कीजिए ।

किस विकल्प में सभी वाक्य शुद्ध हैं ?

- (1) (国), (स)
- (3) (国), (द)
- (2) (स), (द)
- (4) (अ), (ब)
- (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न

Ans. [2]

32. कौन सा वाक्य शुद्ध नहीं है ?

- (1) वह बुद्धिमती बालिका है।
- (2) वह गेहूं पिसाने गया है।
- (3) जो छात्र बाहर जाना चाहते हैं, वह जा सकते हैं।
- (4) मेरे पास केवल दस रुपए हैं।
- (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न

Ans. [3]

33. किस विकल्प में मुहावरे का अर्थ गलत है ?

- (1) पलट जाना इनकार कर देना
- (2) पराया मुख ताकना दूसरों की प्रशंसा करना
- (3) पलंग तोड़ना बेकार पड़े रहना
- (4) पल्ला छूटना पीछा छूटना
- (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न

Ans. [2]

34. 'द्रौपदी का चीर होना' का अर्थ है

(1) अपमान होना

- 2) सब तरह से बुरा होना
- (3) असीमित होना
- (4) युद्ध की तैयारी होना
- (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न

Ans. [3]

35. 'दिल की दिल में रह जाना' मुहावरे का अर्थ है -

- (1) साध पूरी न होना।
- (2) हृदय में वेदना होना।
- (3) अत्यंत दुःखी होना।
- (4) मनस्ताप कम करना।
- (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न

Ans. [1]

36. किस लोकोक्ति का भावार्थ असंगत है ?

- (1) आम के आम गुठलियों के दाम किसी काम में दोहरा लाभ होना ।
- (2) कंगाली में आटा गीला- मुसीबत पर मुसीबत आना ।
- (3) एक अनार सौ बीमार एक चीज के बहुत चाहने वाले ।
- (4) मिट्टी पलीद करना क्रोध करना ।
- (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न

Ans. [4]

37. किस वाक्य में 'विस्मयसूचक चिह्न' का गलत प्रयोग हुआ है ?

- (1) वाह ! तुमने तो कमाल कर दिया ।
- (2) अरे ! कितनी ऊँची मीनार है।
- (3) साथियो ! आज देश के लिए कुछ करने का समय आ गया है।
- (4) हे! प्रभो ! हमें शक्ति दो ।
- (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न

Ans. [4]

38. किस वाक्य में 'प्रश्नसूचक चिह्न' का प्रयोग सही हआ है ?

- (1) तुमने क्या कहा, सो मैंने नहीं सुना ?
- (2) 'क्या वह घर तुम्हारा ही है ?
- (3) हम आज क्या से क्या हो गए ?
- (4) अपना नाम बताओ ?
- (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न

Ans. [2]

39. 'Intricate' का हिन्दी अर्थ है-

- (1) मादकता
- (2) समाविष्ट
- (3) जटिल
- (4) कुचक्र
- (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न

Ans. [3]

40. 'परक्राम्यता' के लिए अंग्रेजी शब्द है

- (1) Negotiability
- (2) Nepotism
- (3) Negotiate
- (4) Negotiation
- (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न

Ans. [1]

41. 'उत्तराधिकारी' के लिए अंग्रेजी शब्द है-

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Ans. [4]

Ans. [2]

Ans. [1]

Ans. [3]

Ans. [1]

Ans. [2]

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			_	
	(1) Successive			
	(2) Succession		48.	'सु' उपसर्ग रहित शब्द है-
	(3) Succour			(1) स्वागत
	(4) Successor			(2) स्वच्छ
	(5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न			(3) सूक्ति
		Ans. [4]		(4) स्वार्थ
				(5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न
42.	इनमें से किस विकल्प में शब्द का सही अर्थ नहीं है ?			(-)
	(1) Victimization - परिपीड़न			
	(2) Vindictive – शिकार होना		49.	एक से अधिक उपसर्गों से निर्मित शब्द है-
	(3) Violation - अतिक्रमण		٠,٠	(1) परियोजना
				` ,
	(4) Victimise - परिपीड़ित करना			(2) प्रत्युपकार
	(5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न			(3) आधिकारिक
		Ans. [2]		(4) अनुशासन
				(5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न
43.	JURISDICTION' का समानार्थक है-			
	(1) विधिक कार्रवाई			
	(2) न्यायिक अभिरक्षा		50.	निम्न में से 'कृदन्त' शब्द नहीं है :
	(3) अधिकारिता			(1) शैव
	(4) न्यायिक प्राधिकार			(2) जीर्ण
	(5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न			(3) गायक
		Ans. [3]		(4) मृगया
		[0]		(5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न
44.	'अपूर्ण ज्ञान चाहे किसी भी विषय का हो, बहुत हानिकर	होता है।' यह		(=, -13
	भावार्थ व्यंजित करने वाली लोकोक्ति है	(J. 10)		
	(1) नीम हकीम ख़तरा-ए-जान		51.	'हार' प्रत्यय रहित शब्द है
	(2) थोथा चना बाजे घना		"	(1) देखनहार
	(3) खाली दिमाग शैतान का घर			(1) पंचारा (2) सिरजनहार
	. ,			
	(4) अधजल गगरी छलकत जाए			(3) लुहार
	(5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न			(4) होनहार
		Ans. [1]		(5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न
45.	'Hostile' का हिन्दी अर्थ है-		4	.0.0.0.0
	(1) आवासन		52.	'पितृ + अनुमति' की सही संधि है-
	(2) विरोधी			(1) पित्रानुमति
	(3) छात्रावास			(2) पित्रनुमति
	(4)			(3) पिर्तनुमति
	(5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न			(4) पितृनुमति
	-	Ans. [2]		(5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न
46.	46. कौन सा शब्द 'अव्ययीभाव समास' का उदाहरण नहीं है ?			
	(1) हाथोंहाथ		53.	'समुद्र + ऊर्मि' की सही संधि है -
	(2) भरपेट			(1) समूद्रोर्मि
	(3) अनुपस्थित			(2) समुद्रोर्मि
	(4) आजीवन			(3) समुद्रीर्मि
	(5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न			(4) समुद्रमिं
	(૮) ગંનુતાતા પ્રસ	Ans [2]		
		Ans. [3]		(5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न
47	47. निम्न में से कौन सा सामासिक पद 'द्वन्द्व समास' का उदाहरण है ?			
47.		(15TY) 5 (E4	
	(1) शूलपाणि		54.	तत्सम तद्भव का असंगत विकल्प है
	(2) गंगाजल			(1) ਧੵष्ठ - पीठ
	(3) इकतीस			(2) घोटक - घोड़ा
	(4) घनश्याम			(3) हस्त - हाथी
	(5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न			(4) कुंभकार - कुम्हार
		Ans. [3]		(5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न

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		Ans. [3]		(5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न				
				Ans. [2]	ı			
55.	निम्नलिखित में से तद्भव शब्द है : (1) दंड (2) पुस्तक (3) अनशन (4) साँस (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न	Ans. [4]	62.	किस वाक्य में 'निजवाचक सर्वनाम' का प्रयोग नहीं हुआ है। ? (1) आप भला तो जग भला । (2) ऐसे समय में आप साथ न दोगे तो कौन देगा ? (3) हम अपने आप को भूल गए। (4) वह अपने को सुधार रहा है। (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न Ans. [2]	I			
56.	निम्न में से देशज शब्द है :		63	<u> </u>				
	(1) तेंदुआ(2) राजा(3) किसान(4) खर्च(5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न	Ans. [1]	63.	किस विशेष्य के साथ 'परिमाणबोधक विशेषण' प्रयुक्त हुआ है ? (1) दो सेर घी (2) सब पेड़ (3) बहुत आदमी (4) अनेक देश (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न Ans. [1]	Ī			
57 .	कौन सा शब्द विदेशी मूल का नहीं है ?							
	 कारागार चाबुक सरकार कोशिश अनुत्तरित प्रश्न 	Ans. [1]	64.	संज्ञा से निर्मित विशेषण है- (1) बाहरी (2) आपसी (3) राष्ट्रीय (4) टिकाऊ (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न				
58.	किस विकल्प में सभी शब्द विदेशी मूल के हैं ? (1) दावत, लगान (2) साहब, ठिकाना (3) आदमी, गवाह (4) थाना, आसमान (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न	Ans. [3]	65.	'अकर्मक क्रिया' से युक्त वाक्य है (1) बच्चा खिलौने के लिए रो रहा है। (2) उसने मुझे कहानी सुनाई। (3) प्यासे को पानी पिलाओ। (4) माँ बच्चे को सुलाती है। (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न Ans. [1]				
59.	निम्नलिखित में से 'जातिवाचक संज्ञा' है :							
	(1) मूर्खता(2) बुराई(3) भिन्नता(4) पशु(5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न	Ans. [4]	66.	किस विकल्प में सभी शब्द विशेषण शब्दों से निर्मित 'भाववाचक संज्ञा' हैं ? (1) सुझाव, वीरता, पढ़ाई (2) ममत्व, निकटता, भूल (3) मिठास, एकता, अच्छाई (4) सुंदरता, अपनत्व, चुनाव (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न	•			
60.	कौन सा शब्द तत्सम नहीं है ?			Ans. [3]	ı			
	 (1) मुखिया (2) शाक (3) विवाह (4) जनता (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न 	Ans. [1]	67.	सर्वनाम के संबंध में असंगत विकल्प है (1) प्रश्नवाचक - कौन, क्या (2) अनिश्चयवाचक - कोई, कुछ (3) निश्चयवाचक - यह, वह (4) संबंधवाचक - आप, स्वयं (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न				
61.	किस विकल्प में सभी शब्द तत्सम हैं ? (1) अंगुली, नेत्र, मुँह			Ans. [4]	l			
	(1) जाउता, 14, पुर(2) काक, कोकिल, मयूर(3) वानर, बाघ, हिरण(4) जल, हवा, अग्नि	•	68.	किस वाक्य में 'संबंधसूचक अव्यय' नहीं है? (1) पूजा से पहले स्नान करना चाहिए। (2) धन के बिना काम नहीं चलता।				
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- (3) मेरी बात ध्यान से सुनो।
- (4) मेरे घर के पीछे पेड है।
- (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न

Ans. [3]

- 69. निम्न में से अविकारी शब्द है:
 - (1) संज्ञा
 - (2) क्रिया-विशेषण
 - (4) क्रिया
 - (3) विशेषण
 - (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न

Ans. [2]

- 70. निपात रहित वाक्य है-
 - (1) इस वर्ष भरपूर अनाज पैदा होगा।
 - (2) तुम भी साथ चले जाना।
 - (3) उसने उत्तर तक नहीं दिया।
 - (4) वह कल ही जाएगा।
 - (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न

Ans. [1]

- 71. 'ध्वज' का पर्यायवाची नहीं है
 - (1) पताका
 - (2) वैजयंती
 - (3) विवस्त्र
 - (4) केतु
 - (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न

Ans. [3]

Ans. [4]

- 72. 'टेढ़ा' का पर्यायवाची है.
 - (1) धूर्त
 - (2) पाखंडी
 - (3) कपटी
 - (4) कृटिल
 - (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न
- 73. 'कदाचार' का विलोम है-
 - (1) नवाचार
 - (2) सदाचार
 - (3) व्यभिचार
 - (4) दुराचार
 - (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न
 - Ans. [2]
- 74. कौन सा शब्द 'प्रेरणार्थक क्रिया' नहीं है ?
 - (1) जगाना
 - (2) बुलवाना
 - (3) खिलाना
 - (4) समझना
 - (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न
- 75. संज्ञा से निर्मित क्रिया-विशेषण है-
 - (1) एकाएक

- (3) यहाँ
- (2) प्रेमपर्वक
- (4) धीरे
- (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न

Ans. [2]

76. Choose the option which is the correct passive form of the following sentence:

The Director has already told him to report for duty at six.

- (1) He will report for duty at six, as the Director told him.
- (2) He has already been told by the Director to report for duty at six.
- (3) He had already been told by the Director to report duty at six.
- (4) As told by the Director, the duty at six has to be reported.
- (5) Question not attempted

Ans. [2]

- 77. Choose the correct passive form of the given sentence:
 - You can't wash this shirt; your must dry-clean it.
 - (1) This shirt couldn't be washed; it must be drycleaned.
 - (2) This shirt can't be dry-cleaned; it must be washed.
 - (3) This shirt can't be washed; it must be drycleaned.
 - (4) This shirt must not washed; you must dry-clean it.
 - (5) Question not attempted

Ans. [3]

78. Do as directed by choosing the correct option: The other children called her stupid.

(Change into Passive)

- (1) She was called stupid by the other children.
 - (2) Other children calling her stupid.
 - (3) Her was called stupid by the other children.
 - (4) Stupid she called the other children.
 - (5) Question not attempted

Ans. [1]

79. Choose the correct passive form of the given sentence:

Where did they find the purse

- (1) Where had the purse been found by them?
- (2) Where was the purse found?
- (3) Where they found the purse?
- (4) Where did the purse was found?
- (5) Question not attempted.

Ans. [2]

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Ans. [4]







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Fill in the blank with an appropriate modal that expresses the given concept/notion:

You ----- do as the doctor says and stay in bed. (Suggestion)

- (1) had better
- (2) used to
- (3) ought
- (4) need
- (5) Question not attempted

Ans. [1]

- 81. Fill in the blank with the correct modal auxiliary: He ----- be ashamed of his behaviour. (Moral obligation)
 - (1) might
 - (2) could
 - (3) would
 - (4)ouaht to
 - (5) Question not attempted

Ans. [4]

82. Choose the correct passive form of the given sentence:

People thought that he would not win.

- (1) It was thought that he would not win.
- (2) People were thought that he would not win.
- (3) People were thought that he would not have
- It was thought that he will not win.
- Question not attempted

Ans. [1]

- 83. Do as directed by choosing the correct option: People with initiative are given opportunities. (Change to Passive)
 - (1) Opportunities are given to people with initiative.
 - (2) Opportunities of initiative are being given to people.
 - (3) Given opportunities are for people with initiative.
 - (4) Opportunities have been given by people's initiative.
 - (5) Question not attempted

Ans. [1]

- 84. Fill in the blank with the correct modal auxiliary If I were a bird. I fly. (Condition)
 - (1) could
 - (2) will
 - (3) may
 - (4)can
 - (5) Question not attempted

Ans. [1]

85. Choose an appropriate modal to complete the sentence:

The rains having ruined their crops, the farmers -------- ask the government for aid.

(Obligation/Reason)

- (1) need
- (2) had to
- (3) ought
- (4) may be
- Question not attempted

Ans. [2]

- 86. Fill in the blank with the correct modal auxiliary: Come what may, we ----- stay together. (Strong possibility)
 - (1) should
 - (2) will
 - (3) would
 - (4) can
 - (5) Question not attempted

Ans. [2]

Fill in the blank to complete the sentence:

I wondered. ----- the news be true? (Possibility)

- (1) could
- (2) shall
- (3) would
- (4) must
- Question not attempted

Ans. [1]

88. Choose an appropriate modal to complete the sentence:

> It is so quiet (that) one ---- hear a pin drop. (Remote possibility)

- (1) should
- (2) used to
- (3) might
- (4) must
- Question not attempted

Ans. [3]

Fill in the blank with suitable modal : (Choose the correct option):

> ----- you please show me the way? (Polite request)

- (1) Could
- (2) Must
- (3) Need
- (4) Dare
- (5) Question not attempted

Ans. [1]

Choose the correct option: The day is pleasant --- a little cold.

- (1) or
 - (2) either







- (3) nor
- (4) only
- (5) Question not attempted

Ans. [4]

91. Choose the correct conjunction and fill in the blank

----- he has not paid the bill, his electricity was cut off.

- (1) As
- (2) Still
- (3) That
- (4) Although
- (5) Question not attempted

Ans. [4]

92. Choose a conjunction from the given options that meaningfully completes the sentence:

He says he'll pay, ------ I don't think he will.

- (1) neither of
- (2) since
- (3) though
- (4) moreover
- (5) Question not attempted

Ans. [3]

- 93. Choose a conjunction from the given options that meaningfully completes the sentence:
 - I know you aren't rich, ----- you could do something to help him.
 - (1) moreovers
 - (2) either
 - (3) not only
 - (4) stil
 - (5) Question not attempted

Ans. [4]

- 94. Fill in the blank with the correct modal auxiliary: What a palatial building! He ----- be a billionaire. (Strong probability)
 - (1) used
 - (2) needs
 - (3) must
 - (4) would
 - (5) Question not attempted

Ans. [3]

- 95. Fill in the blank with an appropriate modal:

 If you've been travelling all night, you probably ----- a rest. (Condition)
 - (1) need
 - (2) may
 - (3) will
 - (4) ought
 - (5) Question not attempted

96. Fill in the blank with the correct conjunction:

----- he got married to Samantha, he gave up his job.

- (1) Still
- (2) However
- (3) As soon as
- (4) But
- (5) Question not attempted

Ans. [3]

Ans. [1]

- 27. Join the two simple sentences given below to form a complex sentence: (Choose the correct option)

 In the evening the traveller reached an inn. It belonged to a rich landlord.
 - (1) In the evening the traveller reached an inn but it belonged to a rich landlord.
 - (2) In the evening the traveller reached inn which belonged to a rich landlord.
 - (3) The inn belonged to a rich landlord, therefore the traveller reached there.
 - (4) In the evening the traveller reached a inn and it belonged to a rich landlord.
 - (5) Question not attempted

Ans. [2]

98. Rewrite the following simple sentence as complex sentence:

(Choose the correct option): People living in glass houses cannot afford to throw stones.

- (1) People live in glass houses and cannot afford to throw stones.
- (2) If people live in glass houses or they cannot afford to throw stones at others.
- (3) People who live in glass houses cannot afford to throw stones.
- (4) People live in glass houses but cannot afford to throw stones.
- (5) Question not attempted

Ans. [1]

- 99. Choose the correct option.
 - (1) The film was not only well made both well acted.
 - (2) The film was neither well made nor well acted.
 - (3) The film was however well made still well acted.
 - (4) The film was neither well made either well acted.
 - (5) Question not attempted

Ans. [2]

- 100. Choose the correct option that gives correct 'Indirect' form of the given sentence : He shouted, "Let me go."
 - (1) He shouted to them that let me go.
 - (2) He shouted to them to let him go.







- (3) He shouted to them that he should let go.
- (4) He shouted to them that let go.
- (5) Question not attempted

Ans. [2]

101. Change the narration:

"Do you suppose you know better than your own father?" jeered his angry mother.

- (1) His angry mother laughed and said if I know better than my father.
- (2) His mother scolded him and said if he can know better than his own father.
- (3) His angry mother admonished him and said not to think that he knowing better than his father.
- (4) His angry mother jeered and asked whether he supposed he knew better than his own father.
- (5) Question not attempted

Ans. [4]

102. Fill in the blank with the correct conjunction: Note down my address ------ you should forget it.

- (1) lest
- (2) so that
- (3) however
- (4) that
- (5) Question not attempted

Ans. [1]

103. Choose the grammatically correct option.

- (1) Despite the train was being an hour late, I managed to get there on time.
- (2) However the train was an hour late, so then I managed to get there on time.
- (3) Not only was the train an hour late, also I managed to got there on time.
- (4) In spite of the train being an hour late. I managed to get there on time.
- (5) Question not attempted

Ans. [4]

104. Choose the grammatically correct. option that shows the change of Direct to Indirect Speech: "I will pay for the damage" said the man who had bumped into our car.

- (1) The man who had bumped. into our car offered to pay for the damage.
- (2) I promise to paying for the damage said he who was bumped into our car.
- (3) I would paid for the damage said the man who had bumped into our car.
- (4) The man who had been bumped into our car offered that he would pay for the damage.
- (5) Question not attempted

Ans. [1]

105. Change the following sentence into Indirect Speech: (Choose the correct option):

He said, "I had a wonderful dream last night."

- (1) He told that he had see a wonderful dream the previous night before.
- (2) He said that he had wonderful dream the previous night.
- (3) He told that he had seen a wonderful dream last night.
- (4) He said that I had wonderful dream yesterday night,
- (5) Question not attempted

Ans. [2]

106. Change the following sentence into Indirect Speech: (Choose the correct option) The policeman said to the woman, "Would you

mind if I looked inside your bag?"
(1) The policeman told the woman if she would mind

- if he would look inside her bag.

 (2) The policeman anguired if the woman would
- (2) The policeman enquired if the woman would minded if he should look inside the bag.
- (3) The policeman asked the woman if she would mind if he looked inside her bag.
- (4) The policeman told the woman that would you mind if I had looked inside your bag.
- (5) Question not attempted

Ans. [3]

107. Choose the grammatically correct option that shows the change from Direct to Indirect Speech: "Ugh!" She exclaimed and turned the programme off.

- (1) In an exclamation of anger she exclaimed the programme off.
- (2) With an exclamation of disgust she turned the programme off.
- (3) With an exclamation of ugliness she turned disgusted programme off.
- (4) Disgustedly exclaiming she turned of the ugly programme.
- (5) Question not attempted

Ans. [2]

108. Choose the correct option that gives correct 'Indirect' form of the given sentence:

Prof. Antony said, "We cannot live without water."

- (1) Prof. Antony said that we could not lived without water.
- (2) Prof. Antony said that they could not live without water.
- (3) Prof. Antony said that they cannot lives without water.
- (4) Prof. Antony said that we cannot live without water.

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(UP PCS(J), RJS, MPCJ, CG PCS(J), DJS, BJS, APO, ADPO, JLO, APP etc.)



(5) Ouestion not attempted

Ans. [4]

109. Choose the correct Direct Speech transformation of the following sentence:

Her friends encouraged her to try again.

- (1) "Do it again," her friends tried to encouraged.
- (2) "Again," tried her friends.
- (3) "Try again," said her friends encouragingly.
- (4) "We encourage you," said her friends trying..
- (5) Question not attempted

Ans. [3]

110. Choose the correct Direct Speech transformation of the following indirect sentence:

He explained that he knew the place well because he used to live there.

- (1) He explained, "I am knowing the place well since I lived here."
- (2) "I know the place well because I used to live here," he explained.
- (3) "I know that place well because he used to live there," he explained.
- (4) Giving an explanation he said, "I knew the place well because he used to live here."
- (5) Question not attempted

Ans. [2]

111. Choose the option that is the grammatically correct transformation into Direct Speech of the following:

She asked what had happened.

- (1) She said, "What happened?"
- (2) She asked to me "What happened?"
- (3) She said, "What has been happen?"
- (4) "What had happened?" She says.
- (5) Question not attempted

Ans. [1]

- 112. Fill in the blank with the correct form of the verb: I can't remember ------ the letter, its still in my pocket.
 - (1) to posting
 - (2) have posted
 - (3) not post
 - (4) posting
 - (5) Question not attempted

Ans. [4]

- 113. Choose the option that gives correct meaning of the idiom: "Cock and bull story"
 - (1) Improbable tale
 - (2) An excellent relationship
 - (3) An incompatible partnership

- (4) False friends
- (5) Question not attempted

Ans. [1]

- 114. The meaning of the idiom 'to harp on the same string' is:
 - (1) to dwell tediously on the same subject.
 - (2) to use a single string on the violin.
 - (3) to entertain everyone.
 - (4) to play a musical instrument.
 - (5) Question not attempted

Ans. [1]

115. Choose the option that gives correct passive form of the given sentence:

They urged the government to create more jobs.

- (1) The government urged that more jobs should be created.
- (2) The government was urged to create more jobs.
- (3) They were urged that the would create government more jobs.
- (4) They were urged by the government to create more jobs.
- (5) Question not attempted

Ans. [2]

116. Choose the the correct modal auxiliary from the options given below and fill in the blank:

The rocks were icy and he was terrified lest he ----- slip.

- (1) cannot
- (2) willn't
- (3) should
- (4) mays
- (5) Question not attempted

Ans. [3]

- 117. Fill in the blank using the correct form of tense:
 The radio -- since 7 a.m. I wish someone would turn it off.
 - (1) had been playing
 - (2) has been playing
 - (3) was playing
 - (4) playing
 - (5) Question not attempted

Ans. [2]

- 118. The newspaper ----- it ----- going to be cold tomorrow.
 - (1) say, is
 - (2) saying, will
 - (3) says, had
 - (4) says, is
 - (5) Question not attempted

Ans. [4]

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119. Fill in the blank with the correct tense form: Do you ----- something burning?

- (1) smelling
- smell (2)
- (3) smelt
- (4) smelled
- (5) Question not attempted

Ans. [2]

120. Fill in the blank with the correct form of tense: Abdul ----- to be a doctor since his childhood.

- (1) want
- (2) is wanting
- (3) is been wanting
- (4) wants
- (5) Question not attempted

Ans. [4]

121. Choose the correct tense and fill in the blank: Here ----- the Indiao!

- (1) comes
- (2) has come
- (3) is come
- (4) come
- (5) Question not attempted

Ans. [1]

122. Choose the correct option to fill in the blanks with an appropriate tense form:

I ----- never ----- her to lose her temper.

- (1) have, known
- (2) do not, knew
- (3) can, knew
- (4) will, know
- (5) Question not attempted

Ans. [1]

123. Fill in the blank with the correct form of tense: Jim ----- to continue the course, even though it --

- -- difficult.
- deciding, was proving
- (2) is deciding, was proved
- (3) was deciding, proves.
- (4) decided, was proving
- (5) Question not attempted

Ans. [4]

124. Fill in the blank with the correct form of tense: I wish I ---- typing.

- (1) knows
- (2) had knowing
- (3) have knows
- (4) knew
- (5) Question not attempted

125. Fill in the blank with an appropriate determiner: I made a good ----- friends during my training in Shimla.

- (1) much
- (2) many
- some (3)
- (4)lots
- (5) Question not attempted

Ans. [2]

Ans. [4]

126. Fill in the blank with the correct determiner: Kanha was only ---- 5 year old boy when he killed Kalia.

- (1) an
- (2) the
- (3) zero article
- (4)
- (5) Question not attempted

Ans. [4]

127. Fill in the blank with the correct tense form option: If you had asked me, I --- you.

- (1) would have told
- (2) can tell
- (3) had told
- (4) would tell
- Question not attempted

Ans. [1]

128. Fill in the blank with the correct form of tense: I ------ Rakesh at the Zoo yesterday.

- (1) have seeing
- had see (2)
- (3) has seen
- (4)saw
- Question not attempted

Ans. [4]

129. Fill in the blank with an appropriate determiner: ----- who couldn't walk to the shrine on the hill went on horseback.

- (1) These
- (2) Those
- (3) That
- (4) Them
- Question not attempted

Ans. [1]

130. Fill in the blank with the correct determiner: Europe will face ----- challenges in the future.

- (1) much
- (2) the little
- (3) the fewer

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- (4) many
- (5) Question not attempted

Ans. [4]

- 131. Fill in the blank with an appropriate determiner: The store has two lifts but ----- is working.
 - both
 - (2) every
 - (3) any
 - (4) neither
 - (5) Question not attempted

Ans. [4]

132. Fill in the blank with the correct determiner:

He has spent ----- money he had.

- (1) little
- (2) few
- (3) anv
- (4) the little
- (5) Question not attempted

Ans. [4]

133. Fill in the blanks with a grammatically correct determiner:

> If oil supplies run out, ----- man may have to fall back on ---- horse.

- (1) zero article: the
- (2) the; the
- (3) a; a
- (4) zero article; zero article
- (5) Question not attempted

Ans. [1]

134. Fill in the blank with the correct determiner:

----- of them knew the answer.

- (1) Every
- (2) Much
- (3) No
- (4)None
- (5) Question not attempted

Ans. [4]

135. Choose a phrasal verb from the given options that meaningfully completes the sentence:

> He agreed to help but ----- when he found how difficult it was.

- (1) backed out
- (2) falled back
- (3) got through
- (4) broke out
- (5) Question not attempted

Ans. [1]

136. Fill in the blank with the correct phrasal verb: She ----- the orphan as her own child.

- brought about
- (2) brought up
- (3) brought out
- (4) brought in
- Question not attempted (5)

Ans. [2]

137. Fill in the blank with the appropriate phrasal verb

The terrorists ----- the train and kept the passengers as hostages.

- held up (1)
- held upon (2)
- (3) held backed
- (4) held off
- Question not attempted

Ans. [1]

- 138. Fill in the blank with the correct phrasal verb: The rich should not -----the poor.
 - look into (1)
 - (2) look under
 - (3) look down upon
 - (4) look up
 - (5) Question not attempted

Ans. [3]

139. Fill in the blank with an appropriate determiner : I haven't given ----- permission to use my

calculator.

- (1) anyone
- (2) nobody
- (3) none
- (4) someone
- Question not attempted

Ans. [1]

Choose the correct option:

----- of these substances is found in India.

- (1) Everythings
- (2) Each
- (3)Somethings
- (4) Many
- (5) Question not attempted

Ans. [2]

- 141. "To be at loggerheads" means:
 - (1) be deformed
 - (2) have a hostile relationship
 - (3) continue in the right direction
 - (4) have large heads
 - Question not attempted

Ans. [2]







142. Choose the option that clearly explains the meaning of:

(By) a hair's breadth

- (1) divide equally
- (2) (by) a very small amount or distance
- (3) agreeing upon the terms of a sale
- (4)assessment of one's physical attributes
- (5) Question not attempted

Ans. [2]

143. Choose the option that gives correct meaning of the idiom: "Bury the hatchet"

- (1) plan secretly
- (2) hide crime
- (3) abandon hostility
- (4) hide a treasure
- (5) Question not attempted

Ans. [3]

144. Choose the option that best explains the given

"At sixes and sevens"

- (1) in confusion
- (2) during infancy
- (3) at a certain position
- (4) at an allocated time
- (5) Question not attempted

Ans. [1]

145. Choose the option that gives correct meaning of the phrasal verb:

Do away with

- (1) recommend
- (2) eliminate
- (3) work together
- (4) include
- (5) Question not attempted

Ans. [3]

146. Choose the correct meaning of the given idiom from the four options: To be "under the weather":

- (1) being undecided
- (2) choosing seasonally
- (3) feel guilty
- (4) feel unwell
- (5) Question not attempted

Ans. [4]

147. Choose the correct passive form of the given sentence:

Kindly grant me a week's leave.

- (1) A week's leave should be granted me.
- (2) A week's leave should have been granted to me.
- (3) A week's leave may kindly be granted to me.
- (4) Kindly be granted me a week's leave.

Question not attempted

Ans. [3]

148. Do as directed by choosing the correct option: You should have been working. (Change to Active)

- (1) You are supposed to have been working.
- (2) You should have worked.
- (3) Work is what you should have done.
- (4) Been working you should have.
- Question not attempted

Ans. [1]

149. Choose the correct option that gives the passive form of the given sentence:

They made me laugh.

- (1) They were made to laugh.
- (2) I made them laugh.
- They were made laugh by me.
- (4) I was made to laugh.
- (5) Question not attempted

Ans. [4]

150. Do as directed by choosing the correct option: What are these holes made by? (Change into

- (1) These holes made by whom?
- (2) What makes these holes?
- (3) What holes are made with?
- (4) Who was making these holes?
- Question not attempted

Ans. [2]





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