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Haryana Judiciary Service Exam 2013

- As per Section 2(12) of CPC, 'mesne 1. profits' of property are profits received by a person in;
 - (a) Unlawful possession the property
 - (b) Wrongful possession the property
 - (c) Lawful possession of the property
 - Effective possession [b] property
- 2. A decree is preliminary;
 - (a) When it is issued in the preliminary stages of the suit
 - (b) When further proceedings have to be taken or the suit to be completely disposed of
 - When deals with it some preliminary issues
 - (d) None of the above [b]
- That a petition dismissed under 3. Article 226 would operate as res judicata so as to bar a similar petition in the Supreme Court under Article 32 of the Constitution was held in the case of:
 - (a) Daryao v. State of U.P.
 - (b) Arjun Singh v. State of M.P.
 - (c) Sudhir Chandra v. State of W.B.
 - (d) None of the above [a]
- Which of the following is true; 4.
 - (a) The pendency of suit in a foreign court precludes the courts in India from a trying a similar suit

- (b) The pendency of a suit in a foreign court precludes the courts in India from trying a similar suit provided the suit is founded on the same cause of action
- (c) The pendency of a suit in a foreign court does not preclude the courts in India from trying similar suit even if it is founded on the same cause of action
- (d) None of the above [c]
- 5. "Any relief claimed in the plaint, which is not expressly granted by the decree, shall, for the purposes of this section, be deemed to have been refused. "This provision is incorporated in;
 - (a) Section 11, Explanation II
 - (b) Section 11, Explanation III
 - (c) Section 11, Explanation IV
 - (d) Section 11, Explanation V [d]
- The general power to transfer suits 6. under section 24 has been granted to:
 - (a) High Court
 - (b) District Court
 - (c) Both (a) and (b)
 - (d) Supreme Court [c]
- **7**. Under section 32 of CPC. fine which maximum can be imposed the for by court compelling the attendance of any





person to whom a summons has been issued under section 30;

- (a) Two thousand rupees
- (b) Three thousand rupees
- (c) One thousand rupees
- (d) Five thousand rupees

[d]

8. Precepts are issued under section 46 of CPC for:

- (a) Serving summons on persons residing beyond local jurisdiction
- (b) Serving a warrant the judgment debtor
- (c) Attaching the property of the judgment debtor
- (d) None of the above
- 9. Under section 58 of CPC, a person detained shall be released from the detention the on amount mentioned in the warrant of his detention being paid to;
 - (a) The officer appointed by the court
 - (b) The court
 - (c) The officer in charge of the civil prison
 - (d) None of the above [c]
- 10. Which of the following property is not liable to be attached and sold in the execution of a decree;
 - (a) Money
 - (b) Hundis
 - (c) Electricity
 - (d) None of the above
- 11. The stipulation that in a suit by the Central Government, the authority to be named as plaintiff shall be

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"the Union of India" has been provided for in Section:

- (a) 78
- (b) 79
- (c) 79A
- (d) 77 [b]

12. Which of the following is true

- (a) Alien enemies residing in India can never sue
- (b) Alien enemies residing in India may sue with the permission of the Central Government
- (c) Alien enemies residing in India may sue with the permission of the Government in whose jurisdiction they are residing
- (d) Alien enemies can sue in any court [b]
- 13. Under section 89 of CPC, the court cannot make a reference for;
 - (a) Arbitration
 - (b) Conciliation
 - (c) Negotiation
 - (d) Mediation [c]
- 14. No second appeal shall lie from any decree when the subject matter of the original suit is for recovery of money not exceeding;
 - (a) Fifteen thousand rupees
 - (b) Twenty thousand rupees
 - (c) Twenty-five thousand rupees
 - (d) Thirty thousand rupees [c]
- 15. The authority to annul, alter or add to the rules in the First Schedule of





the Code of Civil Procedure rests with the:

- (a) High Court
- (b) State Government
- (c) Supreme Court with the previous approval of rules by the Central Government
- (d) High Court with the previous by the approval of rules [a] Government
- 16. Assault or use of criminal force otherwise than grave on provocation under Section 353 of the IPC is which kind of offence:
 - (a) Bailable and Cognizable
 - (b) Bailable and Non-cognizable
 - (c) Non-bailable and Cognizable
 - (d) Non-bailable and Non-cognizable

[b]

[c]

- 17. Attempt to commit suicide triable by;
 - (a) Court of Session
 - (b) Magistrate of the first class
 - (c) Any Magistrate
 - (d) Executive Magistrate
- 18. The definition of the "victim" was incorporated in the Code of Criminal **Procedure** by the **Amendment Act of:**
 - (a) 2009
 - (b) 2010
 - (c) 2011
 - (d) 2008 [a]
- 19. The stipulation that all offences under Indian Penal Code would be



tried according to the provisions in Code of Criminal Procedure, is contained in which Section:

- (a) 5
- (b) 4
- (c)3

(d) 6 [b]

- 20. In relation to the commission of which of the following offence, the general public does not have a duty under section 39 of Cr.P.C. to give information to the nearest Magistrate or police officer;
 - (a) Criminal breach of trust by public servant
 - (b) Kidnapping for ransom
 - (c) Mischief by destroying a lighthouse
 - (d) House-trespass order to in commit offence punishable with [d] imprisonment
- 21. Which one of the following is not a necessary requirement proper procedure of arrest under section 41B of Cr.P.C.
 - (a) The police officer shall bear an accurate identification of his name
 - (b) The police officer shall bear a visible and clear identification of his name
 - (c) The police officer shall prepare a memorandum of arrest to countersigned by the person arrested (d) The police officer shall inform the person arrested that he has the right

of legal counsel during interrogation

[d]





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- 22. Under section 53A of Cr.P.C., when a person is arrested on the charge of committing rape, the arrestee may be examined by a registered medical practitioner other than a registered medical practitioner employed in a hospital -run by the **Government or by a local authority** when the later is not available within а radius of Sixteen kilometres from the place;
 - (a) Where the offence has been committed
 - (b) Where the arrest was made
 - (c) Where the nearest police station is situated
 - (d) where the nearest court is situated [a]
- 23. Which following one of the Magistrate is authorised under section 110 Cr.P.C. to require security for good behaviour from habitual offenders within his local jurisdiction;
 - (a) Judicial Magistrate First Class
 - (b) Chief Judicial Magistrate
 - (c) District Magistrate
 - (d) Executive Magistrate [d]
- 24. Which of the following person cannot claim maintenance under Section 125 of Cr.P.C.:
 - (a) A legitimate child who after attaining majority cannot maintain himself by reason of economic hardship
 - (b) An illegitimate child who after attaining majority cannot maintain

- himself by reason of economic hardship
- (c) Both (a) and (b)
- (d) None of the above [c]
- 25. Which one of the following is not an act for the prevention of which and order cannot be made under section 144 Cr.P.C.:
 - (a) Disturbance of the Public **Tranquillity**
 - (b) Annoyance to any person lawfully employed
 - (c) Injury to any person lawfully employed
 - (d) None of the above [d]
- 26. Which of the following is a ground on which a witness under Section 161 (2) of Cr.P.C. may refuse to answer questions put by a police officer:
 - (a) Answers would have a tendency to expose him to a criminal charge
 - (b) Answers would have a tendency to expose him to a penalty
 - (c) Answers would have a tendency to expose him to a forfeiture
 - (d) All of the above [d]
- 27. Any court may alter or add to any charge any time before;
 - (a) The closing of arguments
 - (b) The judgement is written
 - (c) The judgment is pronounced
 - (d) None of the above [c]
- 28. Chapter XXIA of the Cr.P.C. was incorporated in the year;





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- (a) 2005
- (b) 2006
- (c) 2004
- (d) 2003

[b]

- 29. In case of plea Bargaining by the parties;
 - (a) No judgement may be delivered by the court
 - (b) Judgement may be delivered in private to the parties
 - (c) Judgement shall be delivered in the open court
 - (d) The bargain struck by the parties is to operate as the Judgement **[c]**
- 30. In which of the following cases it has been held that presence of a lawyer at the time of interrogation cannot be demanded as a matter of right;
 - (a) Poolpandi and other v. Superintendent, Central Excise
 - (b) Senior Intelligence Officer v. Jugol Kishore Samra
 - (c) Both (a) and (b)
 - (d) None of the above [c]
- 31. The Information Technology Amendment Act came into force in;
 - (a) 2008
 - (b) 2009
 - (c) 2007
 - (d) 2010
- 32. Which of the following is not a 'fact';
 - (a) Mental condition
 - (b) Relation of things

- (c) State of things
- (d) None of the above

[d]

- 33. Which one of the following has not been mentioned in the definition of "Documents" as the means by which any matter is expressed or described upon any substance;
 - (a) Letters
 - (b) Figures
 - (c) Symbols
 - (d) Marks [c]
- 34. 'Res Gestae literally means;
 - (a) Things done
 - (b) Things spoken
 - (c) Same transaction
 - (d) Things then [a]
- 35. The stipulation that facts which enable the court to determine the amount of damages are relevant is incorporated in Section_ Evidence Act;
 - (a) 12
 - (b) 10
 - (c) 8
 - (d) 11 **[a]**
- 36. Which of the following state of minds has not been expressly mentioned in section 14 of the Indian Evidence Act;
 - (a) Intention
 - (b) Rashness
 - (c) Motive
 - (d) Ill-will [c]

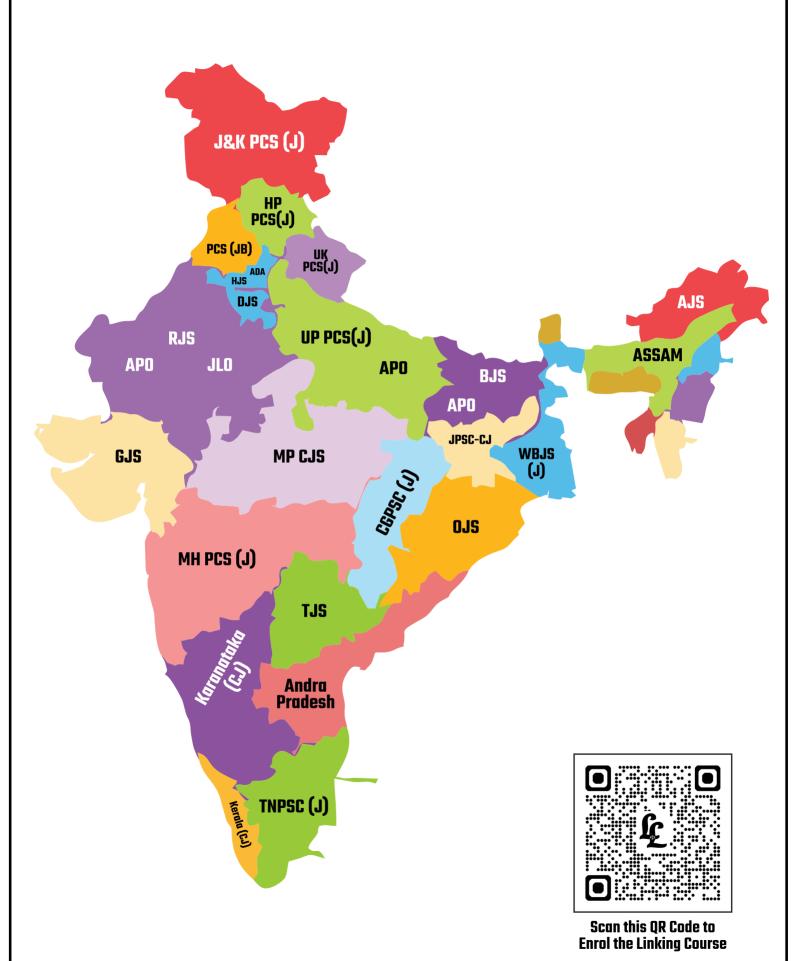


[b]



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37. Oral admission as to contents of electronic records are relevant when:

- (a) The party proposing to prove them shows that he is entitled to give secondary evidence of the same
- (b) The genuineness of the electronic record produced is in question
- (c) Both (a) and (b)
- (d) None of the above

[b]

38. Which one of the following has not been mentioned as a ground under section 24 rendering a confession by an accused person irrelevant

- (a) Inducement
- (b) Promise
- (c) Deceit
- (d) Threat

[c]

39. Section 32 of Evidence Act does not speak of which of the following kind of persons;

- (a) Person who is dead
- (b) Person who cannot be found
- (c) Person who is unwilling to give evidence
- (d) Person who has become incapable of giving evidence [c]

40. Under section 45 of Evidence Act, which of the following have not been mentioned as points on which opinion of experts is relevant;

- (a) Point of foreign law
- (b) Point of art
- (c) Point of domestic law
- (d) Point of science [c]

41. Under section 57 of the Evidence Act, the court is not bound to take judicial notice of which of the following facts;

- (a) The existence of every state recognised by the Government of India
- (b) The title of every state recognised by the Government of India
- (c) The national flag of every state recognised by the Government of India
- (d) The national emblem of every state recognised by the Government of India
- 42. The Best Evidence Rule in relation evidence documentary incorporated in section;
 - (a) 61
 - (b) 64
 - (c) 65
 - (d) 66 [b]

43. Which one of the following is not a public document;

- (a) Documents forming records of acts of tribunals
- (b) Documents forming records of acts of public officers of India
- (c) Documents forming records of acts of public officers of a foreign country
- (d) Public records kept of private documents [c]
- 44. A person is presumed to be alive if it is shown that he was alive within years

(a) Fourteen





	(b) Twenty(c) Seven(d) Thirty	[d]
4 5	The rule that once the terms of	
73.	contract have been proved	_
	documentary evidence,	no
	evidence of any oral staten	
	shall be admitted for contradic	
	such terms has prov	_
	establishing variations to the ru	
	(a) 6	aic.
	(b) 4	
	(c) 3	
	(d) 7	[a]
	(4)	[ω]
46.	If a child is born within	
	days after the dissolution of a v	/alid
	marriage, it is a conclusive prod	
	the legitimacy of the child	
	(a) 270	
	(b) 275	
	(c) 280	
	(d) 285	[c]
47.	Which of the following does	not
	figure in section 115 while dea	
		_

- with applying the principle Estoppel;
 - (a) Conduct
 - (b) Act
 - (c) Omission
 - (d) Declaration
- 48. The provisions of section 126 of the **Evidence** Act dealing confidentiality professional of communication shall apply to;
 - (a) Clerks of barristers



- (b) Servants of pleaders
- (c) Interpreters of barristers
- (d) All of the above [d]
- 49. Which of the following is true;
 - (a) There cannot be further cross examination after re-examination
 - (b) There can be further crossexamination after re-examination as per Section 137
 - (c) There can be further crossexamination after re-examination as per Section 138
 - (d) There can be further crossexamination
- 50. Indecent and scandalous questions may be forbidden by the court under:
 - (a) Section 149
 - (b) Section 150
 - (c) Section 151
 - (d) Section 152 [c]
- 51. In relation to devolution of joint liabilities, as a general rule the **Indian Contract Act incorporates** the principle of;
 - (a) Survivorship
 - (b) Succession
 - (c) Both (a) & (b)
 - (d) None of the above [c]
- 52. An agreement enforceable by law at the instance of one party & not of other party under section 2(i) is called
 - (a) A valid contract
 - (b) An illegal contract
 - (c) A void contract



[a]



(d) A voidable contract

[d]

53. Competency to contract relates to

- (a) Age of the parties
- (b) Soundness of mind of the parties
- (c) Both age & soundness of mind
- (d) Intelligence of the parties

54. A general offer open for world at large can be accepted

- (a) By sending a communication of acceptance
- (b) By complying with the conditions of offer
- (c) By tendering himself to comply the conditions of offer
- (d) None of the above [b]

55. A sub-agent is responsible to the principal on which of the following grounds

- (a) Fraud or Negligence
- (b) Negligence or Deceit
- (c) Wilful wrong or Fraud
- (d) Wilful wrong or Negligence [c]
- 56. Which of the following Section of the Indian Contract Act provides that the responsibility of finder of goods is similar to that of a bailee;
 - (a) 69
 - (b) 70
 - (c)71
 - (d) 72

[c]

57. Under Section 6 of the Specific Relief Act, 1963, a person cannot sue for recovering the possession of immovable property;

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- (a) After six months from the date of dispossession
- (b) After nine months from the date of dispossession
- (c) After twelve months from the date of dispossession
- (d) After twenty-four months from the date of dispossession [a]
- 58. Which one of the following is not a ground on which a reasonable restrictions riaht freedom of speech and expression can be imposed;
 - (a) Security of the State
 - (b) Public Order
 - (c) Morality
 - (d) Public Policy

[d]

- 59. Which of the following is included in the definition of law' as provided in Article 13;
 - (a) Bye-Law
 - (b) Custom having the force of law
 - (c) Usage having the force of law
 - (d) All of the above [d]
- 60. Which one of the following is a ground which is not mentioned in both Articles 15 and Article 16 on State which the can not discriminate;
 - (a) Race
 - (b) Caste
 - (c) Residence
 - (d) Place of Birth [c]

61. Practising untouchability is;

(a) Violation of a constitutional right





- (b) A criminal offence
- (c) Both (a) and (b)
- (d) Violation of a legal right only **[c]**
- 62. Petitions to the Supreme Court under Article 32 are subject to the rule of Res judicata except
 - (a) Quo Warranto
 - (b) Habeas Corpus
 - (c) Certiorari
 - (d) Prohibition
- 63. Which one of the following is a ground on which the state can impose reasonable restrictions on right move to throughout the territory of India;
 - (a) Security of the State
 - (b) Decency
 - (c) Morality
 - (d) Protecting the Interests of any Scheduled Tribe [d]
- 64. As per Article 21 A, the state shall and provide free compulsory education to all children of the age
 - (a) Six to fourteen years
 - (b) Six to twelve years
 - (c) Six to ten years
 - (d) Six to eighteen years [a]
- 65. According to Article 50, the state Shall take steps to:
 - (a) Separate the judiciary from the executive in the public services of the state
 - (b) Separate functioning of judiciary from executive



- (c) Separate the powers of judiciary from the executive
- (d) Separate the powers of judiciary from the legislature [a]
- 66. What is the minimum age to be eligible for becoming the President of India:
 - (a) 35
 - (b) 45
 - (c) 55

[b]

- (d) 25 [a]
- 67. When the President is impeached, the charge shall be preferred by;
 - (a) Either House of the Parliament
 - (b) The Upper House of the **Parliament**
 - (c) The Lower House the **Parliament**
 - (d) Both the Houses of the Parliament simultaneously [a]
- 68. What is the meaning of 'lex loci'
 - (a) Law of land
 - (b) Sovereignty is essential for enacting laws
 - (c) Law of the land is supreme
 - (d) Crown has supreme authority [a]
- 69. The words 'Socialist' and 'Secular' were inserted in the Preamble by amendment of the Constitution.
 - (a) 15th
 - (b) 39th
 - (c) 42nd
 - [c] (d) 44th





70. As far as Armed Forces concerned the fundamental rights granted under Articles 14 and 19 of the Constitution are

- (a) Not available at all
- (b) Available to armed forces but not to other forces
- (c) Available only at the discretion of the Chief of Army staff
- (d) Available only according to law made by Parliament [d]

71. The following are not included in the right to personal liberty

- (a) Right to go abroad
- (b) Right to human dignity
- (c) Right to undertrial prisoners not to be detained for unreasonably long period
- (d) Right not to be detained beyond 24 hours in police custody
- **Proclamation** 72. During the Emergency, the duration of the House of People may be extended by the Parliament for a period not exceeding at a time
 - (a) One year
 - (b) Six months
 - (c) Nine months
 - [a] (d) Eighteen months

73. When the President refers a matter to the Supreme Court;

- (a) The court is bound to render its noinigo
- (b) The court is bound to render its opinion when it is a dispute of the

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kind mentioned in the Proviso to Article 131

- (c) The court is bound to render its opinion when it is a dispute of the kind mentioned in Article 71
- (d) The court is bound to render its opinion when it is a dispute of the kind mentioned in Article 72 [b]
- 74. Which of the following grounds is necessary to be proved in order to speaker remove a any Legislative Assembly;
 - (a) Misbehaviour
 - (b) Incapacity
 - (c) Conduct involving moral turpitude
 - (d) None of the above
- 75. Questions as to the age of a judge of a High Court are to be decided by;
 - (a) President
 - (b) Chief Justice of the concerned High Court.
 - (c) Governor
 - (d) Chief Justice of India [a]
- 76. Which of the following Section deal with an implied warranty in every contract of sale;
 - (a) 14(A)
 - (b) 14(B)
 - (c) 15
 - (d) 16(2)

[b]

77. Which of the following rights of an unpaid-seller can be exercised only





when the buyer has become insolvent and not otherwise;

- (a) Right of lien
- (b) Right of Re-sale
- (c) Right of Stoppage in transit
- (d) Right to Sue

[c]

- 78. As per section 41, the buyer must have the reasonable opportunity to examine the goods for the purpose of ascertaining;
 - (a) The goods are in a deliverable state
 - (b) The goods are of merchantable
 - (c) The goods are in conformity with the contract
 - (d) All of the above

[c]

- 79. Within how many months majority, attaining admitted into the benefits of a partnership firm must whether he wants to become a partner in the firm?
 - (a) Two
 - (b) Three
 - (c) Six
 - (d) Twelve

[c]

- 80. Generally, an introduction of a new partner in a partnership would require the consent of;
 - (a) The majority of the partners
 - (b) All the partners
 - (c) The majority of partners barring the dormant partners
 - (d) The partners having majority share in the firm [b]



- 81. Which of the following sections deals with Personal bars to the remedy of specific relief;
 - (a) 14
 - (b) 15
 - (c) 16
 - (d) 17

[c]

- 82. The period of limitation for a suit to claim compensation for false imprisonment is:
 - (a) One year
 - (b) Two years
 - (c) Three years
 - (d) Twelve years

[a]

- 83. Which section of the Haryana Urban (Control of Rent and Eviction) Act. 1973 deals with eviction of tenants:
 - (a) 10
 - (b) 11
 - (c) 12
 - (d) 13

[d]

- 84. A petition for divorce may be presented under section 13(1) A if even after the passing of a decree for restitution of conjugal rights, which have not been restored for a period of at least
 - (a) 2 years
 - (b) 6 months
 - (c) 1 years
 - (d) 18 months

[c]

85. Naveen Kohli v. Neelu Kohli's case dealt with





- (a) Irretrievable breakdown of marriage
- (b) Adultery
- (c) Divorce by mutual consent
- (d) Conversion
- 86. The decree of Restitution Conjugal Rights can be enforced under the following provision of CPC;
 - (a) Order 21 Rule 32
 - (b) Order 22 Rule 31
 - (c) Order 21 Rule 25
 - (d) None of the above [a]
- 87. The period of limitation for seeking an annulment of marriage on the ground of Fraud is
 - (a) One year from the date knowing the fact of Fraud
 - (b) Six months from the date of knowledge of Fraud
 - (c) Within two years from the incident of Fraud
 - (d) Within fourteen months from the date of knowledge of fraud
- 88. Forced intercourse by a man with his wife while a decree of judicial separation is in effect
 - (a) is punishable under the Hindu Marriage Act
 - (b) is punishable under the Indian Penal Code
 - (c) is not an offence in India
 - (d) None of the above [b]



- 89. One of the following is not a condition for determining the capacity of a male Hindu to adopt;
 - (a) Consent of wife under certain circumstances
 - (b) Majority

[a]

- (c) Soundness of mind
- (d) Must be necessarily married
- 90. A Hindu man wants to adopt a girl-The difference child. between the two should be:
 - (a) at least 21 years
 - (b) at least 15 years
 - (c) at least 24 years
 - (d) none of the above [a]
- 91. Under the Hindu Adoptions and Maintenance Act, a wife will not be entitled to maintenance
 - (a) she is unchaste
 - (b) her husband has ceased to be a Hindu
 - (c) she is suffering from a venereal disease in communicable form
 - (d) All of the above [a]
- 92. A Nikah solemnised in the absence of Qazi is
 - (a) Valid
 - (b) Void
 - (c) Irregular
 - (d) None of the above

[b]

- 93. As a general rule, interest in the coparcenary property is acquired by virtue of
 - (a) birth
 - (b) inheritance







/ \	
(c)	marriage

- (d) none of the above [a]
- 94. Customs are an important source of Hindu Law. One of the following is not a necessary feature of **Customs:**
 - (a) Uniformity
 - (b) Certainty
 - (c) Conformity with public policy
 - (d) None of the above [d]
- 95. The term "offence" is defined under Section of IPC
 - (a) 41
 - (b) 42
 - (c)40
 - (d) 43 [c]
- 96. In the IPC, nothing is an offence when it is done by a child below:
 - (a) 12 years of age
 - (b) Above seven but below 12 years of age
 - (c) Below 14 years of age
 - (d) None of the above
- 97. A, under the influence of grave provocation by Z, kills Y, Z's child. A is guilty of
 - (a) Culpable homicide
 - (b) murder
 - (c) Grievous hurt
 - (d) No offence as he was under [b] provocation
- 98. Under section 376 of the IPC A public servant committing rape on a woman in his custody shall be punishable with

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- (a) Rigorous imprisonment up to 7
- (b) Rigorous imprisonment of at least 8 years
- (c) Rigorous imprisonment up to 10
- (d) None of the above [d]
- 99. A crime under section 399 can sufficiently attract punishment under the IPC at the stage of:
 - (a) Intention
 - (b) Preparation
 - (c) Attempt
 - (d) Commission [b]
- 100. Section 511 of the Indian Penal Code applies offences to punishable under the
 - (a) Indian Penal Code
 - (b) Any special Law
 - (c) Any Local Law
 - (d) All of the above [a]
- 101. Under section 103 of IPC, the right to Private defence of property extends to causing death if the offence is:
 - (a) Mischief per se
 - (b) Robbery per se
 - (c) Theft per se
 - (d) All of the above [b]
- 102. Smith v. Desmond is a leading case on:
 - (a) Rape
 - (b) Extortion
 - (c) Sedition
 - (d) Criminal Conspiracy [d]







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103. In	the	Indian	Penal	Code,	the
off	ence	of Crimi	nal Bre	ach of 1	rust
has	s be	en dealt	with	in	
Sec	ction:				

- (a) 405
- (b) 402
- (c)404
- (d) 401

[a]

104. For which of the following offences, mens rea not requisite?

- (a) Kidnapping
- (b) Robbery
- (c) Trespass
- (d) None of the above

[a]

105.If the offender is armed with deadly weapons at the time of attempting dacoity, he is liable to be punished with

- (a) Rigorous imprisonment of at least 7 years
- (b) Rigorous imprisonment up to 7 vears
- (c) Rigorous imprisonment not exceeding 5 years
- (d) None of the above [a]

106. A was attempting to kill a deer in a sanctuary. While doing so, the gunshot hit a man who died instantly. A is quilty of

- (a) Culpable Homicide
- (b) Murder
- (c) Grievous hurt
- [d] (d) None of the above

107. The maxim 'Ignorantia juris non excusať means

- (a) Ignorance of law is no excuse
- (b) Ignorance of fact is no excuse
- (c) Ignorance of law is an excuse
- (d) Ignorance of fact is an excuse [a]

108. 'Infancy' as an exception has been provided under Section IPC

- (a) 80
- (b) 81
- (c) 82
- (d) 84 [c]

109. Irresistible impulse is a defence

- (a) in India
- (b) in England
- (c) in India and England both
- (d) neither in India nor in England

[d]

110. Abettor is a person

- (a) who commits the offence
- (b) who instigates the commission of offence
- (c) against whom the offence is committed
- (d) who is innocent [b]

111.10 persons were charged offence under section 302/149 IPC, out of which six persons were acquitted, the remaining four

- (a) cannot be convicted for offence under section 302/149 of IPC
- (b) cannot be convicted for offence under section 302 of IPC
- (c) cannot be convicted for offence under section 149 of IPC
- (d) all the above [a]





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112. In the context of the exception of grave & sudden provocation, which of the following is correct

- provocation should voluntarily provoked by the offender
- (b) lawful exercise of the right of private defence does not provocation
- (c) lawful exercise of powers by a public servant in obedience to the law does not amount to provocation (d) all the above [d]

113. Grave & sudden provocation is

- (a) question of fact
- (b) question of law
- (c) mixed question of fact & law
- (d) a presumption under the law [a]

114. Which one of the following is not a "Public Servant"

- (a) liquidator
- (b) a Civil Judge
- (c) member of a panchayat assisting a Court of justice
- Secretary of a Co-operative (d) Society [d]

115. Navy Day is observed on

- (a) December 4
- (b) December 25
- (c) December 31
- (d) January 1

116. The shorter version India's National Anthem has a playing time of

(a) 12 seconds

- (b) 15 seconds
- (c) 20 seconds
- (d) 26 seconds [c]

117. The highest airfield in India is

- (a) Bhuntar
- (b) Pantnagar
- (c) Chushul
- (d) Parapani [c]

118. Who among the following had the longest tenure as the President of India?

- (a) Dr. Zakir Hussain
- (b) Dr. S. Radhakrishnan
- (c) Dr. Rajendra Prasad
- (d) V.V. Giri [c]

119. Shaurya Chakra made up of bronze is awarded for:

- (a) gallantry otherwise than in the face of the enemy
- (b) most conspicuous bravery or some act of self sacrifice
- (c) gallantry in the presence of enemy
- (d) none of these

120. What is the effect of deficit financing on economy?

- (a) Inflation
- (b) Deflation
- (c) Depression
- (d) Recession [a]

121. Mother Teresa was born in

- (a) Switzerland
- (b) India
- (c) Germany
- (d) Albania [d]





[a]



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- (a) Adolf Hitler
- (b) Napolean Bonaparte
- (c) William E. Gladstone
- (d) None of these

122. Who is known as 'Little Corporal'?

123. Asian Games have been organised in India

[b]

- (a) Once
- (b) thrice
- (c) five times
- (d) twice [d]

124. Ranji Trophy and Aga Khan Cup are associated with

- (a) Cricket and Footbal
- (b) Cricket and Volleyball
- (c) Cricket and Hockey
- (d) Badminton and Hockey [c]

125. The term 'deuce' is common in which of the following two games?

- (a) Basketball and Badminton
- (b) Badminton and Tennis
- (c) Volleyball and Tennis
- (d) None of these **[b]**

