

## **ANDHRA PRADESH JUDICIAL PRELIMINARY EXAM 2016**

- 1. Two persons are within the degree of prohibited relationships, if they are related by
  - a. Full Blood
  - b. Half or Uterine Blood
  - c. Adoption
  - d. All the above
- 3. Abetting the commission of suicide is dealt with under
  - a. Section 306 IPC
  - b. Section 307 IPC
  - c. Section 308 IPC
  - d. Section 309 IPC
- 5. Admission is defined in the Indian Evidence Act, 1872 in
  - a. Section 16
  - b. Section 17
  - C. Section 18
  - d. Section 20
- 7. "A" and "B" jointly sued "C" Rs.20,000/-. Whether "C" can set off for the debt due to him by "A" alone?
  - a. Yes
  - b. No
  - c. Neither (a) nor (b)
  - d. None of the above
- The act of a child under age is not an offence I
  - a. 5
  - b. 7
  - c. 14
  - d. 18
- 2. A contracts to pay B Rs.10,000/-, if B's house is burnt. This is
  - a. Void contract
  - b. Contingent contract
  - c. Wager
  - d. None of the above

- **Section 75 of the Indian Evidence Act, 1872** deals with
  - a. Primary evidence
  - b. Secondary evidence
  - c. Public document
  - d. Private document
- 6. An Executive Magistrate is empowered to grant remand u/s 167 of the Cr.P.C., for a maximum period of
  - a. 15 days
  - b. 7 days
  - c. 130 days
  - d. 190 days
- "A" makes an attempt to steal some jewels by breaking open a box, but finds no jewels inside the box after it is opened. Which is the provision of law, under which, he may be held quilty?
  - a. Section 511 IPC
  - b. Section 420 IPC
  - c. Section 379 IPC
  - d. None of the above
- 10. What will be the effect of mistake as to law in force on the agreement
  - a. Not voidable
  - b. Voidable
  - c. Void
  - d. Not void
- 11. in which of the following cases, the Supreme Court held that marriages of all persons should be made compulsorily registrable?
  - a. Seema Vs. Ashwinikumar
  - b. Geeta Jagdish Vs. Jagdish
  - c. Durga Tripati Vs. Arundati Tripati
  - d. Ramesh Chand Vs. Rameshwari Bai
- Robbery is dacoity when the minimum 13. number of persons involved is



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- a. 10
- b. 5
- **C**. 3
- d. 2
- The expression "good faith" in Sec. 51 of **15.** the Transfer of Property Act, 1882 is used in the light of
  - a. the Sale of Goods Act, 1930
  - b. (the General Clauses Act, 1897
  - C. the Registration Act, 1908
  - d. the Specific Relief Act, 1963
- 17. A co-defendant in a case
  - a. cannot be cross examined by another co-defendant in any circumstance
  - b. can be cross examined by another codefendant
  - c. can be cross examined by another codefendant when their interests are adverse to each other
  - d. None of these
- 19. Rescission cannot be granted
  - a. Where restitution to the original position not possible
  - b. Where the contract stands ratified
  - c. In severable contracts
  - d. In all the above
  - 12. A marriage under the Hindu Marriages Act must be solemnized in accordance with customary rights of - Life with Law
    - a. the bride
    - b. the bridegroom
    - c. both the bride and the bridegroom
    - d. either the bride or the bridegroom
  - 14. Easement is a right
    - a.in Rem
    - b. in Personam
    - c. Neither (a) nor (b)
    - d. sometimes in Rem and sometimes in Personam

- 16. Secondary evidence of a document under the Indian Evidence Act means
  - a. copy of the document
  - b. oral account of the contents of the document
  - c. both (a) and (b)
  - (c).only (a) and not (b)
- The remedies available against an ex 18. parte

#### decree is

- a. appeal
- b. review
- c. application to set aside
- d. all the three
- Where there is a conflict between 20.

marshalling and contribution, Sec.82 of the Transfer of Property Act provides that

- a. Contribution prevails
- b. Marshalling prevails
- c. Subrogation prevails
- d. None of the above
- 21. An agreement not supported by consideration is called
  - a. Nudum Pactum
  - b. Consensus Ad idem
  - c. Quid Pro Quo
  - d. Noscitur A Sociis
- 22. A time barred debt can be claimed as
  - a. Counter claim
- b. Fresh suit.
- c. Set off
- d. None of the above
- 25. How many types of punishments are prescribed in the IPCS
  - a. 3
  - b. 4
  - c. 5
  - d. 6
- 23. The Protection Officer under the Domestic Violence Act works under the control and supervision of the
  - a. District Collector



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- b. Family Court
- c. Magistrate
- d. State Government
- 24. An appeal under the AP Land made **Encroachment Act** shall be ordinarily before the expiry of
  - a. 30 days of the date of the order
  - b. 60 days of the date of the order
  - c. 90 days of the date of the order
  - d. 120 days of the date of the order
- 25. For his commission or remuneration, an agent has a
  - a. General lien 1.
- b. Particular lien
- c. No lien at all d. None of the above
- 26. The offence of conspiracy is complete as
  - soon as the parties have agreed to do an illegal act. `This is
  - a. True
- b. Partly True
- c. FALSE
- d. None of the above
- 27. The use of force by itself will not convert the theft into robbery. This is
  - a. True
- b. Partly True
- c. FALSE
- d. None of the above
- 28. The burden of proof as to ownership the Indian Evidence Act lies on
- a. the owner
- b. the tenant le with Law
- c. the person who asserts it
- d. In all these
- 30. Threat to commit suicide is
  - a. Coercion
  - b. Undue influence
  - c.Misrepresentation
  - d. intimidation
- 31. Assault can be caused by
  - a. Mere words b. Mere gestures
  - c. Mere preparations d. None of these

#### **32.** The transfer of property pending suit is hit

## by the

- a. Doctrine of lis pendens
- b. Doctrine of subjudice I
- c. Doctrine of subrosa
- d. Doctrine of res judicata
- 33. Does a party to the suit have a right to summon the opposite party to give evidence?.
  - a. Yes

- b. No
- c. None of the above
- 34. in which of the following cases the Supreme Court held that delay pronouncing the judgment amounts to denial of justice?
  - a. Surendra Singh Vs. State of UP
  - b. Anil Rai Vs. State of Bihar
  - c. State of UP Vs. Chandra Bhushan
  - d. None of the above
- 35. Normally, the plaintiff, who succeeds, would be entitled to mesne profits for the period of
  - a. one year

- b. two years
- c.three years
- d.four years
- 32. Where consent to an agreement is caused by coercion, fraud or misrepresentation, the contract is
  - a. Valid
  - b. Voidable at the option of the party, whose consent was so caused.
  - c. Void Ab initio
  - d. None of the above
- 33. Which of the following is not a decree?
  - a. Rejection of a plaint
  - b. Dismissal for default
  - c. Both (a) and (b)
  - d. None of the above







36. Can the Court examine witnesses before

## framing of issues?

- a. Yes b. No
- d. None of the above c. Never
- 37. Can the Court allow the party to summon

witness, whose name is not included in the witness list?

a. Yes

- b. No
- c. Never
- d. None of the above
- 38. Whether in suit for specific performance, a third party to contract claiming independent title and possession is entitled to add as party to suit to adjudicate his case?..
  - a. Yes

- b. No
- c. Sometimes d. (a) and ©
- 41. After the preliminary decree, whether the party is entitled to raise a fresh plea in the appeal filed against the final decree
  - ? a. Yes
- b. No
- c. Depends above
- d. None of the
- 42. Whether the widow of the deceased Hindu is entitled to claim a share in the deceased husband's property after the remarriage
  - a. Yes
  - b. No
  - c. Depends
  - d. None of the above
- 45. IIs it permissible for the Court to pass more than one preliminary decree?
  - a. Yes
  - b. No
  - c. Depends
  - d. None of the above
- 47. Whether a party could be allowed to

withdraw an admission made in the pleadings by way of amendment?

- a. Yes
- b. NO
- c. Depends
- d. None of the above
- 49. Whether the interim order passed in a suit that was dismissed for default will revive after the suit is restored?
  - a. Yes
  - b. No
  - c. Depends
  - d. None of the above
- 42. Whether the Court has power to extend the

time granted for the performance of any act after the time granted by it had expired under Section 148, CPC?

- a. Yes
- b. No
- c. Depends
- d. None of the above
- 44. Can a plaint be amended after the suit has been disposed of, by invoking Sections 152 and 153, CPC?
  - a. Yes
  - b. No
  - c. None of the above
- 46. Limitation for filing an application u/s 152 and 153 of CPC?
  - a. One year
  - b. Two years
  - c. Three years
  - d. None of the above
- 48. The rernedy of the plaintiff when the plaint is rejected
  - a. to file a revision
  - b. to file a review
  - c. to file an appeal
  - d. None of the above



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- 50. The Court can issue warrant for the arrest of the defendant to ensure his appearance under Section \_of CPC
  - a. 95
  - b. 94
  - c. 94(a)
  - d. Order V Rule 1 CPC
- 51. The suit for damages for breach of contract can be filed at the place
  - a. where contract was executed
  - b. where the plaintiff resides
  - c. where the contract was to be performed
  - d. both (a) and (b)
- **53.** Which of the following can exceed the pecuniary jurisdiction of the Court?
  - a. set off
  - b. counter claim
  - c. both (a) and (b)
  - d. Neither (a) nor (b)
- 55. A counter claim can be set up in
  - a. Money suits only
  - b. Suits for recovery of damages only
  - c. All suits
  - d. None of the above
- 57. Imprisonment in execution of a decree
  - a. rigorous imprisonment
  - b.simple imprisonment
  - c. either (a) or (b)
  - d. Neither (a) nor (b)
- 59. withdrawal of suits is governed by
  - a. Order XXIII Rule 1 of CPC
  - b. Order XXIII Rule 3 of CPC
  - c. (a) and (b)
  - d. Order XXII Rule 3(A) of CPC
- 52. in which of the following situations, the Court can grant exemption to the plaintiff from the necessity to substitute the legal representative of any defendant who died

- during the pendency of the suit and proceed to pronounce the judgment?
- a. the defendant has remained ex parte
- b. the defendant has failed to file written statement
- c. the defendant having filed the written statement, has failed to appear and contest at the hearing
- d. all the above
- 54. U/S 10 of CPC, the earlier suit is liable to be
  - a.stayed
  - b. dismissed
  - c. rejected
  - d.Neither (a) nor (b) nor (c)
- 56. The guidelines regarding the arrest in cognizable offences punishable upto 7 years were issued by the Supreme Court
  - a. Sania Vs. Ram Singh
  - b. Kumar (a) Jaikumar Vs. State of TN
  - c. Arnesh Kumar Vs. State of Bihar
  - d. Sekar Vs. State
- 58. Right of private defence is available
  - a. against all members of an unlawful assembly
  - b. when a reasonable apprehension of the danger to the body arises from an
  - c. threat to commit an offence though offence might not have been committed d. all the above
- 60. Order passed under Order XXI Rule 97 by the Executing Court is
  - a. appealable
  - b.revisable
  - c. reviewable
  - d. None of the above
- 61. In the law of evidence, "fact" means and includes
  - a. anything perceived by the senses
  - b. state of things capable of being



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perceived by the senses c.mental condition of a person of which, a person is conscious d. all the above

- 63. Which of the following charges cannot be compounded without permission of the Court, before which, the prosecution is pending?
  - a. Section 298 of IPC
  - b. Section 426 of IPC
  - c. Section 491 of IPC
  - d. Section 338 of IPC
- 65. A person accused of an offence before a Criminal Court can be called upon to give evidence on oath
  - a. upon a request in writing from the **Public Prosecutor**
  - b,by an application made by the complainant
  - c.by a direction of the Court
  - d. by the accused, on his own request in writing
- 67. Test identification parade pertains to the field of
  - a. investigation
  - b. trial
  - c. satisfaction of the Investigating Officer that he is proceeding in the right direction
  - d. Ja and c
- 69. Which of the following Acts is passed based on the Supreme Court guidelines
  - a. The Criminal Law (Amendment) Act. 2013
  - b.The Sexual Harassment of Women at **Work Place Act, 2013**
  - c.Juvenile Justice Act, 2000
  - d. None of the above
- 62. X is accused of an offence of rape. He can be

- subjected to the following tests for investigation:
- a. Polygraph test
- b. Narco analysis test
- c. Brain Electrical Activation Profile (BEAP) test
- d. None of the above
- 64. A indulges in voluntary sexual intercourse with B, a married woman, without the consent of her husband. He is guilty of adultery. The married woman B is liable to be tried with A as an
  - a. abettor
  - b. adulteress
  - c. jointly as co-accused
  - d. None of the above
- 66. Section 34 of the IPC
  - a. creates a substantive offence
  - b.introduces the principle of vicarious liabilty for an offence committed by the co-accused
  - c.recognises that the co-participant in a crime must be made liable for his act in the
  - commission of the crime by the coaccused d. both (b) and (c)
- 68. Which of the following Criminal Minor Acts was amended by the Criminal Law (Amendment) Act, 2013?
  - a. The Immoral Traffic Act
  - The Juvenile Justice (Care Protection of Children) Act, 2000
  - c. The Protection of Children from Sexual
  - offenses Act, 2012
  - d. Criminal Procedure Code
- 70. Which of the following new offenses are introduced in the IPC by the Criminal Law (Amendment), 2013?
  - a.Stalking
  - b.Voyeurism
  - c. Acid Attack



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### d. All the above

- 71. Which of the following new Section is **Criminal** inserted by the law (Amendment) Act, 2013
  - a, Section 3SAA of the IPC
  - b. Section 326A of the IPC
  - c. Section 370A of the IPC
  - d. All the above
- 73. in which of the following Judgments, has the Supreme Court ruled that the victim of a bigamous marriage is entitled to maintenance?
  - a. Pinakin Mahlpatray Rawl Vs. State of Gujarat
  - b.Badshah Vs. Sou.Urmila Badshah Godse
  - c. Indra Sharma Vs. V.K.V.Sharma
  - d. None of the above
- 75. What is the maximum period of remand, which can be ordered under Sec. 309(2) of the Cr.P.C.?
  - a. 30 days
  - b. 60 days
  - c. 90 days
  - d. None of the above
- 77. The common object of unlawful assembly can be gathered from
  - a. nature of assembly
  - b. weapons used
  - c. the behaviour of the assembly on
  - or before the occurrence
  - d. all of the above
- 79. In the absence of substantive evidence,
  - a. Corroborative evidance can be used
  - b. Corroborative evidence has no
  - c. Corroborative evidence may be or may not be used as per the discretion of the Court
  - d. None of the above

- 72. in which of the following cases, is a preliminaryenquiry permitted by the Supreme Court in the Lalithakumari
  - a. matrimonial disputes or family disputes
  - b. commercial offences
  - c. medical negligence cases
  - d. all the above
- 74. The guidelines regarding the arrest of Judicial Officers by the Police were issued by the Supreme Court in
  - a. Joginder Kumar Vs. State of UP
  - b. M.C.Abraham Vs. State of Maharashtra
  - c. D.K.Basu Vs. State of WB
  - d.Delhi Judicial Services Association Vs.
  - State of Gujarat
- 76. The right of private defence of property against robbery continues
  - a.as long as the offender causes or attempts to cause to any person death or hurt or wrongful restraint
  - b. as long as the fear of instant death or of instant hurt or of instant personal restraint continues
  - c. (a) and (b)
  - d. None of the above
- 78. Section 149 of IPC is a
  - a. Irule of evidence
  - b. specific offence
  - c.definition clause
  - d. None of the above
- 80. Answers given by the accused U/S 313 of the Cr.P.C. are
  - a. evidence
  - b. not evidence
  - c. presumptions
  - d. None of the above
- 81. The Rule of res gestae is applicable to
  - a. civil cases only
  - b. criminal cases only



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- c. civil as well as criminal cases
- d. None of the above
- 83. In which of the following cases, the Supreme Court issued guidelines to prevent acid attacks?
  - a. Laxmi Vs. Union of India
  - b. PUCL Vs. Union of India
  - c. Sakshi Vs. Union of India
  - d. None of the above
- 85. In a lease of immovable property, what is transferred is
  - a. right to enjoy the property
  - b. mere possession alone
  - c. interest in the property
  - d. mesne profits
- 87. Handing over the keys of the godown where the goods are stored is
  - a. constructive delivery
  - b. symbolic delivery
  - c. actual delivery
  - d. None of the above
- 89. The principle of qua timet means
  - a. some past injury to the rights or interests of a person.
  - b. some future probable injury to the rights or interests of a person.
  - c. some small injury not capable valuation
  - d. some small injury incapable of valuation
- 82. Conduct of an accused is
  - a. Not relevant against him
  - b. Relevant against the co-accused
  - c. Not relevant against the co-accused
- 84. A bargain where one party agrees to assist another in recovering property and to share in the proceeds of the action is called
  - a.accord and satisfaction

- b.wager and betting c.champerty
- d.consideration
- 86. Caveat venditor means
  - a.seller beware
  - b.buyer beware
  - c.let the parties beware
  - d.none of the above
- 88. What is transferred in a mortgage is
  - a. ownership
  - b.possession
  - c.interest
  - d.right
- 90. U/S 13 of CPC, a foreign judgment can be challenged on the grounds of
  - a. competency of the court pronouncing the judgment
  - b. being obtained by fraud
  - c. sustaining a claim founded on a breach
  - of law in force in India
  - d.all the above
- 91. The maxim 'Res ipsa Loquitur' is
  - a. rule of law
  - b. rule of procedure
  - c. rule of evidence
  - d. rule of negligence
- 93. Compensatory costs under Section 35A of CPC can be imposed to the extent of
  - a Rs.3,000/
  - b. Rs.5,000/
  - c. Rs.10,000/
  - d. without any limit
- A caricature is a document within the meaning of Section 3 of the Evidence Act
  - a. True
  - b. Not True
  - c. Partly true



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- d. True in some conditions
- 97. After murder, the accused surrenders to the police with the severed head and gives confession. His conduct is relevant under Section
  - a. 10 of the Evidence Act
  - b. 18 of the Evidence Act
  - c. 7 of the Evidence Act
  - d. 11 of the Evidence Act
- 99. Extra judicial confession can be given before
  - a. the Investigating Officer
  - b. the Judicial Magistrate
  - c. a police officer other than the Investigating Officer
  - d. Village Administrative Officer
- 92. Judgment on admission can be given
  - a. under Order XII Rule 8 of CPC
  - b. Tunder Order XII Rule 6 of CPC
  - c.under Order XII Rule 4 of CPC
  - d.under Order XII Rule 2 of CPC
- 94. An admission constitutes a
  - a. Substantive piece of evidence
  - b. Corroborative piece of evidence
  - c. Conclusive proof
  - d. None of the above
- 96. Conditions when hearsay evidence may
- be
  - admissible.
  - a. when contemporaneous
  - b. when there is no interval enabling fabrication.
  - c. both (a) and (b)
  - d. None of the above
- 98. Test Identification Parade conducted during investigation is relevant under Section
  - a. 16 of the Evidence Act

- b. 18 of the Evidence Act 1
- c. both (a) and (b)
- d. 9 of the Evidence Act
- 100. An injunction cannot be granted when the

plaintiff has no personal interest in the matter.

- a. True
- b. False
- c. Partly true
- d. True under certain circumstances

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