



Name of the Candidate:	
Roll Number:	
Enrollment Number :	

## IMPORTANT INSTRUCTIONS

(Kindly read these instructions carefully before attempting this question paper)

- This Booklet contains 100 questions and each question carries 1 mark.
- There is no negative marking.
- Duration of this exam is 3 hours only.
- Candidates are required to submit the question paper, answer sheet and their admit card after the examination.
- Only books and notes are allowed for this examination.
- Mobile phones, laptop, tabs and/or any other electronic devices are strictly prohibited in the examination hall.
- On possession of any electronic device inside the examination hall, the candidate will be disqualified from the examination.
- Candidate shall not be allowed to leave the Examination Hall before the conclusion of the examination.
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  do so would lead to disgualification.
- Candidate should not remove any page(S) from the booklet and if any page(s) is found missing from his/her booklet would lead to disqualification.
- Use only blue/black ball pen to fill the OMR answer sheet.
- OMR filled with pencil or ink pen would be disqualified.
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- Write your roll number carefully and darken the correct corresponding ovals. In case wrong ovals
  are darkened your answer sheet will not be evaluated.
- Candidate must follow the instructions strictly as mentioned on the answer sheet.

## Signature of the Candidate

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AIBE-VIII

English Set-A

 "Mere illegality of the strike does not per se spell unjustifiability". J. Krishna Iyer In which case declared so

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BCI

- a) Chandramalai Estate v. Its workmen
- b) Associated Cement Ltd., v. Their workmen
- c) Gujarat Steel Tubes v. Gujarat Steel Tubes Mazdoor Sabha
- d) Indian General Navigation of Railway Co. Ltd., v. Their workmen
- Entry No.22 of the Concurrent List deals with-----
  - a) Social security and insurance, employment and unemployment
  - b) Industrial disputes concerning Union employees
  - c) Trade unions and industrial and labour disputes
  - d) Regulation of labour and safety in mines and oil fields
- 3. Which Article under the Constitution of India talks about the participation of workers in the management of Industries?
  - a) 43
  - b) 43A
  - c) 43B
  - d) 42
- 4. Pick out the case that is popularly called as the Solicitor's Case.
  - a) Ahmedabad Textile Industry's Research Association v. State of Bombay
  - b) National Union of Commercial Employees v. Industrial Tribunal, Bombay
  - c) Salem Advocates Bar Association v. Union of India

- d) Central Machine Tools Institute v. Dy. Registrar of Trade Unions
- 5. Identify the case that is related to the need for promotion and preservation of internal democracy within trade unions
  - a) Jay Engineering Works Ltd. v. State of West Bengal
  - b) Railway Union v. Registrar of Trade Unions
  - c) ONGC Workmens Association v. State of West Bengal
  - d) Hanumantha Rao v. Dy. Registrar of Trade Unions
- 6. In tort, there are two broad categories of activities for which a plaintiff may be held strictly liable
  - a) Possession of certain animals and abnormally dangerous activities.
  - b) Assault and battery
  - c) Battery and negligence
  - d) None of the above
- 7. Selvi's daughter Kavita had married Shivakumar of a different caste against the wishes of her family. Shivakumar was brutally killed in 2004, and Selvi and two others became the suspects. Since the prosecution's case depended entirely on circumstantial evidence, it sought the court's permission to conduct polygraphy and brain-mapping tests on the three persons. The court granted permission and the tests were conducted. When the results of the polygraphy test indicated signs of deception, the prosecution sought the court's permission to perform narcoanalysis on the three persons. The magistrate the three to undergo directed narcoanalysis. All of them challenged this decision in the Karnataka High Court, but failed to get relief. They then

**English Set-A** 

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"Link the Life with Law"

went in appeal to the Supreme Court. The Court held

- a) Compulsory brain-mapping and polygraph tests and narcoanalysis were in violation of Articles 20(3) and 21 of the Constitution.
- b) Compulsory brain-mapping and polygraph tests and narcoanalysis were valid under Articles 20(3) and 21 of the Constitution.
- c) Compulsory brain-mapping and polygraph tests and narcoanalysis were in violation of Articles 20(1) and 21 of the Constitution.
- d) Compulsory brain-mapping and polygraph tests and narcoanalysis were in violation of Articles 14 and 21 of the Constitution.
- 8. According to Art. 71 Disputes arising in connection with the elections of a President or Vice-President are to be enquired into and decided by
  - a) The Supreme Court
  - b) High Court
  - c) Both by High Court and Supreme Court
  - d) Tribunal established for that purpose.
- The Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act 1974 regulates ......
  - a) The discharge of hazardous pollutants into the nation's surface water.
  - b) The emission of hazardous air pollutants.
  - c) Waste disposal of sea.
  - d) The transportation of hazardous materials.
- 10. It was held by the Supreme Court that noise pollution beyond permissible limits cannot be tolerated, even if such

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noise was a direct result of and was connected with religious activities in the case of

- a) Vellore Citizens Welfare Forum vs. Union of India
- b) Church of God (Full Gospel) in India vs. KKR Majestic Colony Welfare Association
- c) Rural Enlightenment Kendra v Union of India
- d) Narmada Bachao Andolan v Union of India
- 11. The Supreme Court observed, Where an enterprise is engaged in a hazardous or inherently dangerous activity and harm results to anyone on account of an accident in the operation of such hazardous or inherently dangerous activity resulting, for example, in escape of toxic gas the enterprise is strictly and absolutely liable to compensate all those who are affected by the accident and such liability is not subject to any of the exceptions which operate vis-a-vis the tortious principle of strict liability. In such a case, the measure of compensation must be correlated to the magnitude and capacity of the enterprise because such compensation must have a deterrent effect. The larger and more prosperous the enterprise, the greater must be the amount of compensation payable by it for the harm caused on account of an accident in the carrying on of the hazardous or inherently dangerous activity by the enterprise. -Name the case.
  - a) Subhash Kumar Vs State of Bihar 1991
  - b) Rural Litigation and Entitlement Kendra Vs State of U.P. 1985
  - c) M.C. Mehta Vs Union of India 1986
  - d) Union Carbide v Union of India, 1984



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#### **English Set-A**

- 12. Article 48-A and Article 51-A (g) were inserted in the Constitution by
  - a) The Constitution (42<sup>nd</sup> Amendment) Act, 1978
  - b) The Constitution (42<sup>nd</sup> Amendment) Act, 1976
  - c) The Constitution (43<sup>rd</sup> Amendment) Act, 1978
  - d) The Constitution (44<sup>th</sup> Amendment) Act, 1978
- According to Environmental (Protection) Act of 1986 "environmental pollutant" means
  - a) any solid, liquid or gaseous substance present in such concentration as may be, or tend to be, injurious to environment;
  - b) any substance present in such concentration as may be, or tend to be, injurious to environment
  - c) any solid, liquid or gaseous substance present in such concentration as may be, or tend to be, injurious to a person
  - any solid, liquid or gaseous substance present in such concentration as may be, or tend to be, injurious to the society
- 14. A is in possession of property claimed by B and C adversely. A does not claim any interest in the property and is ready to deliver it to the rightful owner. A can institute------ suit
  - a) Friendly suit
  - b) Caveat
  - c) Interpleader Link the Life with Law
  - d) Restitution
- 15. An Executive Magistrate may require security for keeping good behavior from

habitual offenders for a period not more than

- a) 6 months
- b) 3 months
- c) 1 year
- d) 3 years
- 16. The police officer executing the warrant may use adequate force to access the place where search is to be conducted when
  - a) A free ingress is not possible
  - b) The occupant of the place is a hardened criminal and there is possibility to escape
  - c) The area is in such a nature that problem may arise at any time
  - d) None of these
- 17. As per the provisions of the Code of Criminal Procedure, in case of merger of the complaint with the police report the procedure to be followed for the trial shall be of----
  - a) The complaint case
  - b) The case instituted on the police report
  - c) Both as per the convenience during the trial.
  - d) None of these
- 18. Peek v. Gurney is a famous case relating
  - a) Mistake

to

- b) Misrepresentation
- c) Fraud
- d) Frustration of contract





English Set-A

AIBE-VIII

- 19. Law is conceived as a form of the power value conceived by
  - a) Bentham and Austin
  - b) Hart

BCI

- c) C Lasswell and McDougal
- d) Karl Olivecrona
- 20. The development of the tradition of natural justice into one of natural law is usually attributed to the
  - a) Stoics
  - b) Positivists
  - c) Historical School
  - d) Analytical School
- 21. The requirement to give reasons in administrative decisions which affect rights and liabilities has been held to be mandatory by the Supreme Court
  - in .....
  - a) S.N. Mukherjee v/s Union of India
    b) State of Orissa v/s Dr. Binapani Dei
  - c) State of Maharashtra v/s Jalgaon Municipal Council
  - Motilal Padampat Sugar Mills Co. Ltd. v/s State of U.P
- 22. Donoughmore Committee Report on Minister's Powers, 1932, relates to
  - a) England
  - b) Australia
  - c) U.S.A
  - d) None of the above
- 23. Sec. 47(3), Motor Vehicles Act empowers the Regional Transport Authority to limit the number of stage carriage permits. Explain the nature of the function exercised.
  - a) This is a judicial function, as the Authority's decision is based on an official policy.

- b) This is a quasi-judicial function, as the Authority's decision is based on an official policy.
- c) This is an administrative function, as the Authority's decision is based on an official policy.
- d) None of the above
- 24. In which famous case this issue had come up. Whether the advocate had committed a professional misconduct and is guilty of the offence of the criminal contempt of the Court for having interfered with and obstructed the course of justice by trying to threaten, overawe and overbear the Court by using insulting, disrespectful and threatening language.
  - a) Vinay Chandra Mishra, In Re
  - b) Ex -Capt. Harish uppal V. Union of India
  - c) Hikmat Ali Khan v. Ishwar Prasad Arya and ors
  - d) None of the above
- 25. "Misconduct" would cover any activity or conduct which his professional brethren of good repute and competency would reasonably regard as disgraceful or dishonorable. It may be noted that the scope of "misconduct" is not restricted by technical interpretations of rules of conduct. This was proven conclusively in the case of
  - a) Noratanman Courasia v. M. R. Murali
  - b) Bar Council of Maharashtra v. M.V. Dahbolkar



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AIBE-VIII

#### English Set-A

- c) In N.G. Dastane v. Shrikant S. Shinde
- d) B. M. Verma v. Uttrakhand Regulatory Commission
- 26. Retention of money deposited with advocate for the decree holder even after execution proceedings was held as an instance of misconduct in which case
  - a) In Re DC Saxena
  - b) M Veerendra Rao v Tek Chand
  - c) Shambhu Ram Yadav v. Hanuman Das Khatry
  - d) Prahlad Saran Gupta v. Bar Council of India
- 27. In which case, where the advocate of one of the parties was asking for continuous adjournments the immense to inconvenience of the opposite party, it was held by the Supreme Court that seeking adjournments for postponing the examination of witnesses who were present without making other arrangements for examining such witnesses is a dereliction of the duty that an advocate owed to the Court, amounting to misconduct.
  - a) N.G. Dastane v. Shrikant S. Shinde
  - b) Sambhu Ram Yadav v.Hanuman Das Khatry
  - c) Noratanman Courasia v. M. R. Murali
  - d) None of the above

arbitral awards on one hand and permissible judicial review on the other.

- a) Renu Sagar Power Co vs. General Electric Corporation
- b) ONGC vs. Saw Pipes Ltd.
- c) Sundaram Finance vs. NEPC
- d) Olympus Superstructures Pvt. Ltd vs. Meena Vijay Khetan
- - a) TDM Infrastructure (P) Ltd. v. UE Development India (P) Ltd.
  - b) Comed Chemicals Ltd. v. C.N. Ramchand
  - c) Shreejee Traco (I) Pvt. Ltd. v. Paperline International Inc
  - d) Bhatia International v. Bulk Trading
- 30. Which Section of the 1996 Arbitration Act permits the parties to engage in conciliation process even while the arbitral proceedings are on?
  - a) Sec.30
  - b) Sec.10
  - c) Sec.40
  - d) Sec.20
- 31. The presumption of continuance of life is contained in Sec.----- of the Evidence Act
  - a) 107
  - b) 108
  - c) 207
  - d) 115





#### **English Set-A** BCI AIBE-VIII 32. Testimony of a witness to the existence 37. International Criminal Court is based on or non- existence of the fact or facts in issue is /are a) Rio Conference b) Rome Statute of the International a) Oral evidence Criminal Court. c) Part of U.N. Charter b) Original evidence d) Yugoslavakia Statute of the c) Direct evidence International Criminal Court d) Both(a) and (b) 38. Constitutive and declaratory theories of 33. Who authored the book The First state relate to Principles of Jurisprudence a) Law of the Sea a) Salmond b) Law of Air space b) Black Stone c) Law of Outer Space c) Austin d) State Recognition d) Winfield 39. Tabula rasa under International Law 34. Special Summons under Section.206 of relates to the Criminal Procedure Code can be issued by a) State Recognition b) Universal Sucession a) A Magistrate only c) State Sucession b) A Magistrate as well as the Court of d) Sources of International Law Sessions c) The Court of Sessions 40. With reference to Cyber Crimes worm d) The High Court attack ..... a) needs the virus to attach 35. Mare Liberum (The Freedom of the b) do not need the virus to attach Seas), first published in 1609, is a book c) needs the host to attach in Latin on international law written by d) do not need the host to attach a) Austin 41. An acquire sensitive attempt to b) Hugo Grotius information such as usernames, c) Arvid Pardo passwords, and credit card details (and d) Starke sometimes, indirectly, money) by masquerading as a trustworthy entity in 36. The Indian who is presently a member of an electronic communication - is known International Court of Justice as a) Justice A.S. Anand a) Salami Attacks b) Justice Bhagwati b) Phishing c) Justice Dalveer Bhandari c) Data diddling: d) Justice Nagendra Singh d) Forgery 6



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BCI	English Set-A	AIBE-VIII
42. The Act to provide legal recognition for	46	What is the period of limitation
the transactions carried out by means of	10.	prescribed for the suit instituted by a
electronic data interchange and other		mortgagor to recover possession of
means of electronic communication,		immoveable property mortgaged?
commonly referred to as "Electronic		1 1 9 8-8-5-
Commerce" is dealt under		a) 3 years
		b) 10 years
a) Information Technology Act		c) 30 years
b) Information and Communication		d) 12 years
c) Information Communication Act		u) 12 years
d) Information and Cyber Space Act	17	Sections 12 15 of the Limitation A.t.
d) mormation and Cyber Space Act	., . 47.	Sections 12-15 of the Limitation Act, 1963 provide for exclusion of time in
		computing the period of limitation
43. "Asymmetric Crypto System" under		prescribed by law. Which of the
Information Technology Act means a		following falls inside the ambit of
system of a secure key pair consisting of		exclusion?
a private key for creating a digital		
signature and		a) Day on which judgment/order/award
		is pronounced
a) an individual key to verify the digital		b) Time during which stay/injunction
b) a look to verify the divised of		operated
<ul><li>b) a lock to verify the digital signature</li><li>c) a public key to verify the digital</li></ul>		
signature		c) Time during which the defendant
d) a Government key to verify the		had been out of India.
digital signature		d) All the above
44. Sec 43A Of the Information Technology		Provisions regarding Corporate Social
Act deals with		Responsibility are incorporated in the
a) Compensation for failure to protect		Companies Act, 2013 under
data		a) Section – 101
b) Punishment for sending offensive		b) Section $-111$
messages		c) Section $-135$
c) Identity Theft		d) Section $-235$
d) Impersonation		
	49.	What is Corporate Social Responsibility
5. The persons taking part in the		among the following?
commission of an offence have been divided into two classes. They are		
divided into two classes. They are		a) Employee benefits
a) Principal and abettors	1	<ul> <li>Project based protection of national</li> </ul>
b) Principle and disciples		heritage
c) Principal and accessory		c) Programs undertaken outside India
d) Debtor and holder	(	1) Mere donations
d) Debtor and norder		
	Soft and the second	
	7	

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BCI	English Set-A AIBE-VIII
50. Talak-e-tafwiz is	b) 55
a) Talak by delegation	c) 87
b) Triple Talak	d) 73
c) Talak by agreement	
d) Improper Talak	55. Section 6 of the specific Relief Act,
c) improper rutar	states thus: If any person is disposse
51. Any immovable property possessed by a	without his consent of immov
female Hindu, acquired before or after	
the commencement of the defore or after	property otherwise than in due cours
the commencement of Hindu Succession	law, he or any person claiming through
Act, shall be held by her after the	him may, by, rec
commencement of the Act as,.	possession thereof, notwithstanding
	other title that may be set up in such
a) A limited owner	other three that may be set up in such
b) A full owner	
c) No ownership	a) Application
d) Not as absolute owner	b) Restitution application
	c) Suit
	d) Reference
52. Who was the founder of Analytical	u) Reference
School of Law?	
	56. As per the Specific Relief Act, 19
a) Jhering	identify the situation wherein any per
b) Bentham	interested in a contract may sue to h
c) John Austin	it rescinded, and such rescission may
d) August Comte	adjudged by the court
	adjudged by the court
53. There was a contract to supply oil-seeds.	N 111
But the Government rendered the sale	a) Where the contract is voidable
and purchase of oil-seed illegal under the	terminable by the plaintiff;
Defence of India Rules. Identify the	b) Where the contract is unlawful
effect.	causes not apparent on its face a
chiect.	the defendant is more to blame the
a) Party at default is held 11 11	the plaintiff.
a) Party at default is held liable	c) Both (a) and (b)
b) Both parties are discharged from the	d) None of the above
performance of such contract	
c) Both parties are directed specific	57. A/An is one which
performance of the contract	drawn by one person and accepted
	another, without consideration, merely
d) None of the above the life with law"	enable the drawer to raise money on
	bill by discounting it.
54. Principles evolved in Hadley v.	, more and but the
Baxendale are the basis of Section	a) Bills in sets
of the Indian Contract Act.	b) Documentary bill
	c) Bearer instrument
a) 74	d) Accommodation bill
	d) Accommodation bill

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BCI	English Set-A AIBE-VIII
58. Which provision of the Negotiable	is accorded to both accounting and
Instruments Act discusses about material	standards.
alteration of an instrument and its effects	a) Financing
	b) Auditing
a) Section 77	c) Business
b) Section 88	d) Responsibility
c) Section 87	*
d) Section 78	63. Companies Act, 2013 allows the
	formation of
59. A transfer's property to B for life, and	
after his death to C and D, equally to be	a) Two persons company only
divided between them, or to the survivor	b) Seven persons company only
of them. C dies during the lifetime of B.	c) Two or more persons company only
D survives B. At B's death	d) One person company also.
	u) One person company also.
a) The property passes to D	64 Discon Hale the service service at h
b) The property reverts back to A's	64. Pigeon Hole theory was proposed by
heirs	a) Winfield
c) The property is declared as having	b) Salmond
no owner	c) Black Stone
d) None of the above	d) Lord Knight
60. A transfer Rs. 500 to his niece C, if she	65. According to Motor Vehicles Act, 1988
will desert her husband. The transfer is	no person under the age ofyears
a) Void	shall drive a motor vehicle in any publi
b) Voidable	place
c) Valid	place
d) None of the above	a) 20
	b) 16
61. Amendments made in the year	
through the insertion of Sec to	c) 18
the Civil Procedure Code introduced	d) 21
provisions to enable the courts to refer	
pending cases to arbitration, conciliation	66. According to The Consumer Protection
and mediation to facilitate early and	Act,1986 what is the limitation period
amicable resolution of disputes.	applicable to the three forums
a) 1989,98	
b) 1990.88	entertaining a complaint

....

9

- b) 1990,88
- c) 1999,89
- d) 2001,88
- 62. The Companies Act of 1956 accords recognition only to accounting standards whereas under Section 2(7) of the Companies Act of 2013 the recognition
- cause of action has arisen b) 2 years from which the article was

a) 2 years from the date on which the

- purchased c) 3 years
- d) None of the above

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English Set-A

#### AIBE-VIII

- - a) State Commission,30
  - b) State Tribunal,30
  - c) State Forum, 30
  - d) State Commission, 60
- 68. The National Consumer Dispute Redressal Commission was constituted in the year
  - a) 1998
  - b) 1988
  - c) 1999
  - d) 2000
- 69. A sees B running away from a room and afterwards sees C lying down in a pool of blood in the same room. A's evidence in as afar as seeing B running away is direct but as far as the murder is concerned, it is a
  - a) Primary evidence
  - b) Circumstantial evidence
  - c) Real evidence
  - d) Substantial evidence
- 70. A statement made by an accused person before the trial begins, by which he admits to have committed the offence, but which he repudiates at the trial is known as ----
  - a) Extra-judicial confession with Law
  - b) Judicial confession
  - c) Retracted confession
  - d) Voluntary confession

- 71. Expert opinion under Sec.45 isa) A conclusive proof
  - b) Not a conclusive proof
  - c) Supportive and corroborative in nature
  - d) None of these

72. \_\_\_\_\_\_ of the Companies Act, 2013 requires disclosure in the prospectus of names and addresses of CFO about sources of promoters' contribution among other things.

- a) Section 36
- b) Section 37
- c) Section 26
- d) Section 38
- 73. Sec 253 of the Companies Act, 2013 deals with
  - a) Determination of Sickness
  - b) Liability of Directors
  - c) Promotersd) Memorandum
- 74. If by imposing solitary confinement there is total deprivation of comraderie (friendship) amongst co-prisoners coming and taking and being talked to, it would offend Ar.21 of the Constitution. The liberty to move, mix, mingle, talk, share company with co-prisoners if substantially curtailed would be violative of Art. 21 –This was held in the case of
  - a) Suni Batra Vs. Delhi Administration AIR 1978 SC 1675
  - b) Kishore Singh Vs State of Rajasthan AIR1981 SC 625
  - c) D.K. Basu Vs State of West Bengal AIR 1997 SC610
  - d) Parmanand Katara Vs Union of India
     AIR 1989, SC 2039





#### English Set-A

AIBE-VIII

- 75. In State of Karnataka Vs Union of India AIR 1978 SC 68, Appointment of ' a commission by the Union government under S. 3(1) of the Commission of Inquiry Act (60 of 1952) to look into the charges of corruption etc against the Chief Minister and other Ministers of a state was challenged. It was held,
  - a) Arbitrary under Art.14
  - b) Violates federal principle
  - c) Jurisdiction of the Court is ousted and hence violates the Basic Structure of the Constitution
  - d) Federal Structure is not jeopardized.
- 76. Equality is a dynamic concept with many a spects and dimensions and it cannot be "cribbed, cabined and confined" within traditional and doctrinaire limits. From a positivistic point of view, equality is antithetic to arbitrariness. In fact equality and arbitrariness are sworn enemies this was stated in the case of
  - a) Jespar & Slong v. State of Meghalaya, AIR 2004 SC 3533
  - b) Vajravelu Mudiliar Vs. Special Dty Collector, AIR 1965 SC 1017
  - c) E. P. Royappa v. State of T.N. AIR 1974 S C 555
  - d) In Punjab Communication Ltd. v. Union of India - 1999 (4) SCC 727
- 77. Period of limitation for execution of the order of maintenance is----- from the date on which it becomes due
  - a) 1 year
  - b) 5 years
  - c) 6 years
  - d) 15 years

- 78. Section 41-B is incorporated into the Criminal Procedure Code on the basis of which of the following decisions
  - a) Nandini Satpati v. P.L.Dani
  - b) Sunil Batra v. Delhi Administration
  - c) Prem Shankar Shukla v. Delhi Administration
  - d) D.K.Basu v. State of West Bengal
- 79. Chapter dealing with *Plea Bargaining* has been inserted by
  - a) The Criminal Law (Amendment) Act, 1993
  - b) The Criminal Law (Amendment) Act, 2005
  - c) The Code of Criminal Procedure (Amendment) Act, 2001
  - d) The Code of Criminal (Amendment) Act, 1993
- 80. As per the Criminal Procedure Code, during investigation a search can be conducted without warrant by
  - a) Judicial officer
  - b) Any Person
  - c) The investigating officer
  - d) Any police officer
- Prosecution for the offence of defamation can be initiated only
  - a) On the complaint of the aggrieved party
  - b) On the basis of an F.I.R
  - c) On the basis of a police report
  - If it is a matter related to domestic affairs of a family





#### English Set-A

- 82. Where territorial jurisdiction of a court is transferred after passing a decree, an execution application may be filed
  - a) In the court which had passed the decree
  - b) In the Court to which territorial jurisdiction was transferred only
  - c) In either of the court under a or b
  - d) In any court in India
- - a) Caveat
  - b) Restitution order
  - c) Attachment order
  - d) Precept
- 84. Where the right to the discovery or the inspection sought depends on the determination of any issue in the suit, the court may try that issue as a ------ before deciding upon the right to discovery or inspection
  - a) Special issue
  - b) Preliminary issue
  - c) Res judicata ink the Life with Law
  - d) Res sub judice
- 85. Identify a case where set off can be pleaded

- a) Claim for un liquidated damages
- b) Suit for recovery of ascertained sum of money
- c) Suit for a sum legally nonrecoverable
- d) None of the above
- 86. Leading questions can be asked during
  - a) Re-examination
  - b) Examination-in-chief
  - c) Cross-examination
  - d) None of these
- 87. Estoppel is a rule by which a party to litigation is/are---
  - a) Stopped from asserting or denying a fact
  - b) Prevented from appearing in person
  - c) Prevented from hiding an evidence
  - d) Both (a) and (b)
- 88. Under Sec.122 of the Evidence Act, a communication made to the spouse during marriage
  - a) Remains privileged after the dissolution of marriage by divorce but not so on after death
  - b) Does not remain privileged after the dissolution of marriage by divorce, but remains privileged even after death
  - c) Does not remain privileged after dissolution of marriage by divorce or death
  - Remains privileged communication after the dissolution of marriage by divorce or death.







<ul> <li>and arises when the contingent even occurs. In case of contract or guarantee the liability of surety is secondary and arises when the principal debtor defaults.</li> <li>92. Which is true of contracts of agency?</li> <li>a) The relation between the agent and the principal is of a trust</li> <li>b) It is only when a person acts as a representative of the other in the creation, modification or termination of contractual obligations; between that order and third persons that he is an agent.</li> <li>c) The only essence of a contract or agency is the agent's representative capacity.</li> </ul>
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agency is the agent's representativ
capacity.
1) 51 0.1 1
d) None of the above
93. Point out an example not related to
contract of bailment
a) Delivering a watch or radio for repai
b) Leaving a car or scooter at a parking
stand
c) Leaving luggage in a cloak room
d) A shareholder executes a
agreement/bond favoring th
company thereby agreeing to satisf
the company for any loss caused as
consequence of his own act.
94. A corporate resolution is not an
offer unless efforts are made to
communicate it. Which case held so
a) Blair v. Western Mutual Benef.
Association
b) R. v. Dawood
c) Harvela Investments Ltd. v. Roya
· Trust Co. of Canada,
d) None of the above



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<ul> <li>c) P has committed an offence of wrongful confinement</li> <li>d) None of these.</li> <li>96. Durham doctrine means</li> <li>a) That an accused is not criminally liable if his unlawful act is the product of immature age</li> <li>b) That an accused is not criminally liable if his unlawful act is the product of mental disease or mental defect</li> <li>c) That an accused is criminally liable if his unlawful act is the product of mental disease or mental defect</li> <li>d) None of these</li> <li>97. De minimus non curat lex implies</li> <li>a) Every person is liable for his own acts</li> <li>b) Trifling acts do not constitute an offence</li> <li>c) Necessity knows no law</li> <li>d) Nothing is an offence which is done in private defense</li> </ul>	BCI		English Set-A	AIBE-VIII
<ul> <li>liable if his unlawful act is the product of mental disease or mental defect</li> <li>c) That an accused is criminally liable if his unlawful act even if it is the product of mental disease or mental defect</li> <li>d) None of these</li> <li>97. De minimus non curat lex implies</li> <li>a) Every person is liable for his own acts</li> <li>b) Trifling acts do not constitute an offence</li> <li>c) Necessity knows no law with faw</li> <li>d) Nothing is an offence which is done in private defense</li> <li>98. P and Q agree to commit theft in R's house, but no theft is actually committed. Here P and Q are guilty of</li> </ul>	95. A ar th a) b) c) d) 96. Do a)	issued a warrant to a police officer to rest P. But the officer arrests Q after the due inquiry believing Q to be P. Here P is liable for criminal negligence P has committed no offence by virtue of S.76 IPC P has committed an offence of wrongful confinement None of these. urham doctrine means That an accused is not criminally liable if his unlawful act is the product of immature understanding due to immature age	99.	<ul> <li>a) Abetment of conspiracy</li> <li>b) Abetment by instigation</li> <li>c) No offence</li> <li>d) Criminal conspiracy</li> <li>Ramu is suffering from disease of the heart. Rahul his heir rushes into his room and shouts in his ear "your house has been destroyed by fire" intending thereby to kill Ramu. Ramu dies of the shock. Here Rahul is liable for the offence of</li> <li>a) Attempt to murder</li> <li>b) Murder</li> <li>c) Culpable homicide</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>a) Every person is liable for his own acts</li> <li>b) Trifling acts do not constitute an offence</li> <li>c) Necessity knows no law</li> <li>d) Nothing is an offence which is done in private defense</li> <li>98. P and Q agree to commit theft in R's house, but no theft is actually committed. Here P and Q are guilty of</li> </ul>		liable if his unlawful act is the product of mental disease or mental defect That an accused is criminally liable		enunciated by the House of Lords in a) Walsby v. Anley
<ul> <li>acts</li> <li>b) Trifling acts do not constitute an offence</li> <li>c) Necessity knows no law</li> <li>d) Nothing is an offence which is done in private defense</li> <li>98. P and Q agree to commit theft in R's house, but no theft is actually committed. Here P and Q are guilty of</li> </ul>		product of mental disease or mental defect None of these		c) Allen v. Flood
<ul> <li>d) Nothing is an offence which is done in private defense</li> <li>98. P and Q agree to commit theft in R's house, but no theft is actually committed. Here P and Q are guilty of</li> </ul>		acts Trifling acts do not constitute an	q L	aws
house, but no theft is actually committed. Here P and Q are guilty of		Nothing is an offence which is done		
14	ho	use, but no theft is actually		
			14	

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1	C	37	В	73	A
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9	A	45	A	81	A
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11	С	47	D	83	D
12	В	48	С	84	В
13	A	49	В	85	В
14	С	50	А	86	C
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16	A	52	C	88	D
17	В	53	В	89	A
18	C	54	D	90	C
19	С	55	C	91	В
20	A	56	C	92	В
21	A	57	D	93	D
22	A	58	С	94	A
23	C	59	A	95	В
24	A	60	А	96	В
25	В	61	С	97	В
26	D	62	В	98	D
27	A	63	D	99	C
28	В	64	В	_100	D
29	A	65	C		
30	A	66	A		
31	A	Look the	LifeAvith	Law''	
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33	A	69	В		
34	A	70	С		
35	В	71	С		
36	С	72	С		

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